SPECTRUM ORBIT UTILIZATION PROGRAM DOCUMENTATION: SOUP5 VERSION 3.8 USER'S MANUAL - VOLUME I (CHAPTERS I THROUGH V)

CR-174889 FINAL REPORT

> (NASA-CR-174889) SPECTRUM OREIT UTILIZATION PROGRAM DCCUMENTATION: SOUP5 VERSION 3.8 USER'S MANUAL, VOLUME 1, CHAPTERS 1 THROUGH 5 Final Report (Operations Research, Inc.) 194 p HC A09/MF A01 CSCL 09B G3/61 43107

N86-27927

Unclas

JUNE 10, 1985

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PREPARED UNDER CONTRACT No. NAS3-22885 FOR NASA LEWIS RESEARCH CENTER

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### I. INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of the SOUP5 Version 3.8 Technical Manual is to describe the underlying engineering and mathematical models as well as the computational methods used by the SOUP5 analysis programs, which are a part of the R2BCSAT-83 Broadcast Satellite Computational System which was developed for use at the Regional Administrative Radio Conference held in Geneva in June of 1983. Included in this manual are the algorithms used to calculate the technical parameters, and references to the technical literature. Not included are a detailed discussion of how to use and interpret the output of the SOUP5 analysis programs or detailed descriptions of the inputs and hardcopy (printed) outputs of the SOUP5 programs or summary descriptions of the programs themselves. These are fully documented in the SOUP5 Version 3.8 User Manual. Nor is there a description of the program code and structure or the program's data structures (including the COMMON blocks and binary file interfaces) which are documented in the SOUP5 Version 3.8 Programmer's Manual.

# 1.2 R2BCSAT-83 COMPUTATIONAL SYSTEM OVERVIEW

The SOUP5 programs provide the plan analysis capability of the R2BCSAT-83 Computational System which was designed to satisfy the computational requirements of the 83 RARC. The system provides the following capabilities:

- Requirements File Maintenance
- Data Base Maintenance
- Beam Fitting
- Plan Synthesis
- Plan Analysis
- Report Generation/Query

This section provides a brief description of each of these functions.

The ITU has collected the broadcast satellite service requirements information from each administration in ITU Region 2. This includes such information as the locations and rain zones of test points for the service areas in the plans to be developed. These data have been keyed and are now maintained in a data base. They are available for report generation, querying, and as input to the computational routines.

The technical parameters for the conference as well as plans under consideration are maintained in a data base which is accessible for report generation, querying, and input to computational routines. The data base also includes the results of the Beam Fitting and Synthesis Modules.

The Beam Fitting Module of the system computes the parameters of the beam from a specified satellite location which best fits a set of points defining a service area. The outputs of this program for a large number of service area and satellite location combinations are in the data base.

The Plan Synthesis Module permits a planner to develop downlink plans. These plans are stored in the data base and are used as input to the Plan Analysis Module by means of an interface program.

The Plan Analysis Module consists of the SOUP5 system described in this manual. SOUP5 computes the aggregate interference (up, down, and total)

for all the service areas in a plan. A plan can come from the Plan Synthesis Module or be generated manually by a planner. The printed outputs of this module are summary and detailed reports as well as diagnostic information. The module also generates a binary output file for use by the Report Generation/Query Module. SOUP5 is written in FORTRAN and currently runs on the PRIME 400, IBM 370 compatible computers, the VAX 11/780 and the SIEMENS computer at the ITU.

The Report Generation/Query Module permits a planner to query the data base to determine the values of selected parameters or to generate reports on a preformatted or ad hoc basis using data from any part of the data base - Requirements, Technical Parameters, Results, or Analysis Results.

### 1.3 SOUP5 SYSTEM SUMMARY

The principal purpose of SOUP5 is to compute the system mutual interference between a large number of broadcast satellite links operating at the same or overlapping frequencies between ground stations at specified locations through satellites in specified orbital positions. Since mutual interference is the main limiting factor in the use of the geostationary arc by many systems operating in the same frequency band, SOUP5 is a most valuable tool in the optimization of spectrum-orbit utilization.

An additional purpose of SOUP5 is to compute certain associated quantities, such as power flux density and received power, which, while not directly related to mutual interference, nevertheless are useful in the analysis of satellite communication systems.

SOUP5 is designed primarily to be used with systems in the Broadcasting-Satellite Service (BSS).

SOUP5 can handle as many as  $300^+$  service areas,  $2400^+$  possible feederlink transmitters (FLT) and  $2400^+$  earth station receivers (ESR) in one run. Each link must be described in terms of its geometrical and

<sup>+</sup>These numbers can be changed at implementation.

communication parameters. Some of the more significant parameters considered are carrier frequency, polarization, frequency block allocations, channelization schemes, antenna gain patterns, antenna diameters or beamwidths, and ground terminal and satellite locations.

The standard output is a set of interference reports for up, down, and total aggregate interference. A report giving intermediate results is optionally available. Extensive detailed printout for the subprograms in the system are available as debug options.

### 1.4 HISTORY

The Spectrum Orbit Utilization System (SOUP) was originally developed by General Electric, Space Systems Organization, Valley Forge Space Center, with funding provided by NASA and the FCC,, in 1969/70 as part of a study of the technical and economic aspects of spectrum-orbit utilization under Contract No. OEP-SE-69-102. This work was first monitored by the Office of Telecommunications Policy, Executive Office of the President, with funding also supplied by NASA and the FCC. Later, the responsibility for this effort was transferred to NASA. The system was written for use on the 360/44 In June 1971, ORI, primarily under NASA sponsorship with some computer. assistance from the NTIA, started to adapt the system for use on the 360/95 computer and to make several modifications to enhance its utility as a tool in a study of domestic communication satellite systems. A document describing the modified SOUP was published in 1974.<sup>2</sup> A 1980 document describes further enhancements. $^3$  An updated document describing the enhanced version (SOUP3), which can be used to analyze the interference between systems, transmitting television, telephony and data, was published in 1981. 4 This manual describes the technical details of the version of the system which is called SOUP5 Version 8\* which has been designed to handle broadcast satellite systems only.

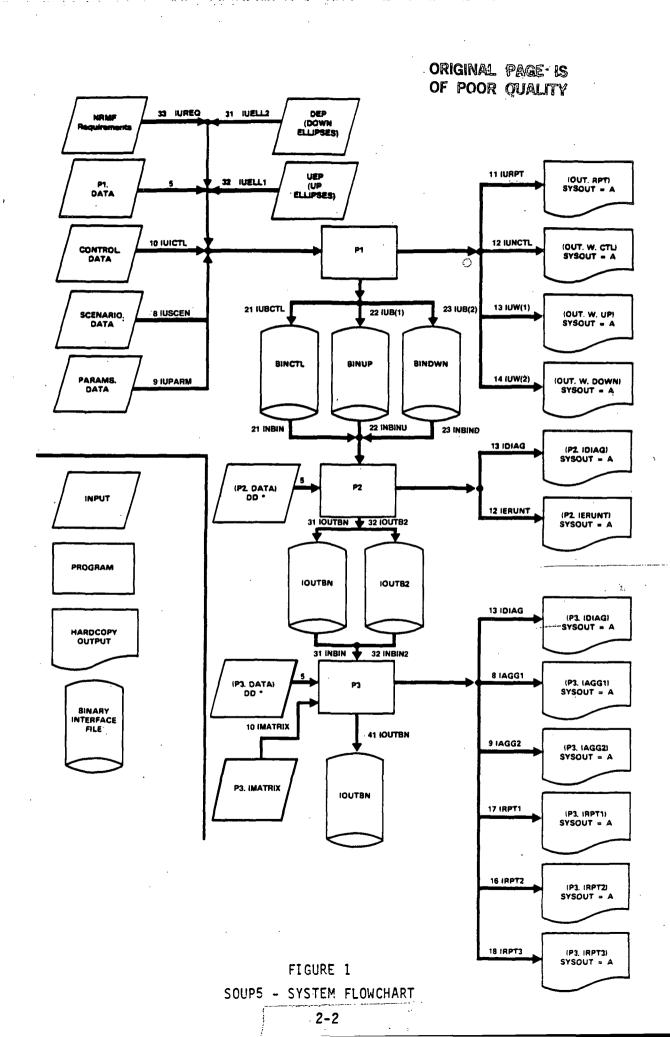
<sup>\*</sup>SOUP4, an enhanced version of SOUP3, was superseded by SOUP5 Version I before it was distributed to the user community.

### 1.5 FORMAT OF THIS REPORT

Section II, (Overview) describes the organization, capabilities, processing sequences, and processing and data options of the SOUP5 system. Section III (Geometry) gives the details of the geometric calculations. Section IV (Antenna Gains) describes the various antenna gain algorithms used. Section V (Rain Attenuation) discusses the rain attenuation and depolarization calculations. Section VI (Equivalent Gain, Transmitter Power and Received Power) details the calculations of transmitter power and received power flux density. Section VII (Channelization and Protection Ratio) describes the channelization options, interference categories, and protection ratio calculations. Section VIII (Margins, Aggregate Interference and Grouping) describes the generation of aggregate interference and margins. Appendix A describes the equivalent gain calculation in detail. Appendix B describes how to enter a protection ratio template.

# II. SOUP5 TECHNICAL OVERVIEW

The SOUP5 analysis system currently consists of three programs and their associated input and output files. The flow chart in Figure 1 shows the input and output files used by SOUP5. Each file is labeled with the Data Set Name (DSN) used in the JCL which accompanies the program (see Appendix C of the User's Manual). For files without a DSN (i.e. Sysout = A for printout, or DD \* for input in JCL stream) a descriptive name is enclosed in parentheses. Each arrow is labeled with the FORTRAN unit number of the file as implemented on IBM computers and the name of the internal program variable containing the FORTRAN unit number. The unit numbers themselves are read from files Pl.DATA, P2.DATA and P3.DATA so that individual installations may change them to suit their own conventions. The following paragraphs summarize the components -- both programs and data -- of the system.



# 2.1 INPUT FILES

SOUP5 reads six input files in program P1 and one in Program P3 to assemble the data necessary to perform subsequent calculations. These files (except those written by the IFRB) contain sequentially organized, card image data. The Program I files are the following.

# System and Run Control Data:

- DATA.Pl Contains error message formats, file unit assignments, and other internal program Pl data.
- DATA.CONTROL Contains
  - Name of scenario-plan for this run
  - Process up and/or down option
  - Reports to be written
  - Debug printout flags for programs Pl through P3

### R2BCSAT-83 Data Base Data:

- DATA.SCENARIO contains a set of scenario-plans.

  Program Pl selects and processes one of them. Up to 300<sup>+</sup> service areas, 2400<sup>+</sup> feederlinks and 2400<sup>+</sup> earth station receivers can be accommodated in any one plan.
- DATA.PARAMETERS contains
  - RARC Parameters
  - Channelizations
  - Protection Ratio Sets
  - Point Sets (alternatives for the Requirements files)
  - Ellipses (Alternatives for the official ellipse files)

<sup>\*</sup>Numbers can be changed during installation.

- Antenna Characteristics Sets
- Gain Tables
- ELLIPSE FILES (one for up and one for down) contain official IFRB ellipses
- REQUIREMENTS FILE contains data from requirements forms submitted to the IFRB

Below we list the P3 input file

### P3.IMATRX

- This file allows the user to inhibit the interference calculations between the specified service areas in either direction. It may be created by the user, or by the synthesis program.

Each of these files is fully described in Chapter 3 of the SOUP5 Version 3.8 User's Manual. 5

# 2.2 PROGRAMS

The three programs comprising SOUP5 are:

- Program 1 Selects the data from the data base which are needed for the run and assembles them into a form usable by programs P2 and P3, echo printing the selected data while checking and editing them for completeness and consistency.
- Program 2 Performs "non-cross" calculations: unit conversions (e.g., dB to numerics); transformation to Cartesian coordinates; calculations of protection ratios by interference category; determination of interference categories by channel family; computations of on-axis gains, transmitter power, etc.

Program 3 - Performs "cross" calculations (i.e., for up, each satellite vs. all feederlink test points; for down, each earth station receiver test point vs. all satellites). Calculations performed include: gain, received signal power, attenuation, C/I and margines. Produces summary aggregate interference reports for up, down, and total.

Each of these programs is summarized below.

# 2.2.1 Program 1

As explained above, Program 1 reads the six input files, selects the needed data, checking and editing them, and assembles them into a form usable by Program 2 and 3.

The main program in Program 1 invokes in sequence the following top-level subroutines:

INIT - Read DATA.Pl and initialize the run

PRCTL - Process control inputs in DATA.CONTROL

PRSCEN - Process scenario level data and scenario description in DATA.SCENARIO

PRRARC - Process RARC parameters in DATA.PARAMS

PRSERV - Process scenario service areas and point overrides in DATA.SCENARIO

PRCHAN - Process channelization data in DATA.PARAMS

PRPROT - Process protection ratio data in DATA.PARAMS

PRPNTS - Process point sets and points in DATA.PARAMS and Requirements

PRBEAM - Process ellipse data in DATA.PARAMS and the Ellipse File

PRANT - Process antenna characteristics in DATA.PARAMS

PRGAIN - Process gain tables in DATA.PARAMS

PRSIZE - Process up/down table sizes.

Typically these top-level subroutines incorporate the steps delineated in the following algorithm, depending on the type of data being processed:

# PRXXXX (Process data type XXXX)

- Initialize Write the input and binary echo report subheadings; initialize the control and table data
- Get the next needed key from the program key storage tables
- Read through the sequential input file until the record(s)
  with the needed key are located. If any are not located,
  report the error
- Write the input report entries to OUT.RPT
- Resolve data overrides from the tabled overrides
- Put the referenced keys into the program key storage tables, returning indices
- Perform data lookups, conversions, edits and verifications,
   while reporting any errors which occur
- Table the data required by program P2 with all overrides, indices, and edits
- Continue the above subprocesses until all the needed data are located, reported, edited, and tabled
- Skip to the end of the data of type XXXX in the parameter input file
- Write the binary data needed for program P2 and the corresponding binary echo report records from tabled data.

# 2.2.1.1 <u>Hierarchical List of Program 1 Upper Level Subroutines</u>

Below we list and summarize the Program 1 subroutines and their calling hierarchy. The subroutines are listed in two sections. The first section presents a hierarchicaral listing of the highest level subroutines. The listing shows the flow of processing but does not list or describe the "tool" subroutines. These subroutines perform various housekeeping functions, but do not participate in the logic flow of Program 2. These subroutines are listed below the higher level subroutines. Each subroutine is documented more fully in section II-E of the SOUP5 Programmer's Manual.

### 1. Main

- 2.1 INIT Initializes constants and tables
- 2.2 PRCTL Process Control Cards
  - 3.1 PRNCTL Process P2 to P5 Control Cards
- 2.3 PRSCEN Process Scenario and Description
  - 3.2 PRSCDS Process Scenario Description
- 2.4 PRRARC Process RARC Parameters
- 2.5 PRSERV Process Service Area
  - 3.3 RRSERV Read and Report Service Area Cards
  - 3.4 PRPATH Process Up and Down Path Data
    - 4.1 PPRTOV Process point overrides
- 2.6 PRCHAN Process Channelization Cards
  - 3.5 RDCHNZ Process Channelization Cards
  - 3.6 RDCHF Process Channel Family Records
  - 3.7 WBCHAN Write Channelization Data
- 2.7 PPROT Process Protection Ratio Templates
  - 3.8 RRPROT Read, Report and Template Protection Ratio Tables
  - 3.9 WBPROT Write Protection Ratio Tables
- 2.8 PRPNTS Process point set input cards
  - 3.10 RDPSET Process needed point set
  - 3.11 RDPNTS Process needed points
  - 3.12 WBPNTS Write point set tables
- 2.9 PRBEAM Process Ellipse Input and create Ellipse Table
  - 3.13 RDBEAM Read, Report and Table Beam Data
- 2.10 PRANT Process Antenna Input and create Tables
  - 3.14 RDANT Read and Report needed Antenna records
- 2.11 PRGAIN Process Gain Tables
  - 3.15 RRGAIN Read, Report and Store needed Gain tables
    - 4.2 RRGRT1 Read, Table, and Report Gain Record Type 1
    - 4.3 RRGRT2 Read, Table, and Report Gain Record Type 2
  - 3.16 WBGAIN Write Gain Tables
- 2.12 PRSIZE Process and Write Up and Down Table Sizes

# 2.2.2 Program 2

Program P2 converts all the variables to units suitable for use in Program P3, does all the calculations which involve only one service area at a time, and checks for errors.

# The program performs the following functions:

- Transforms all ground and satellite positions from latitude and longitude to earth-centered Cartesian coordinates.
- Converts all values expressed in decibels to numerical values (except for a few).
- Reads the control and table files and, after necessary conversions, writes them out for use by Program 3.
- If the user desires, prints a graph of gain as a function of off-axis angle for each gain table used in the run.
- Produces extensive diagnostic output at the user's option.
- Checks for errors in the data, prints warnings when an error is found, and sets the stop code to values depending on the seriousness of the error.
- Calculates the on-axis gains and beamwidths of all antennas.
- Calculates the basis vectors of the antenna beam plane for all satellite antennas, and the orientation angle of the beam major axis in the beam plane. The orientation angle may be specified directly as an input or by use of a reference point latitude and longitude.
- Calculates transmitter power if the user has specified EIRP, C/N, or PFD as input. Antenna noise temperature can be specified as an input or the figure of merit (G/T) can be given.
- Calculates on-axis beam unit vectors.

- Calculates a nominal wavelength for each channel family and interference categories (e.g. co-channel, upper adjacent) between channel families. Checks to ensure the RARC channelization parameters have not been violated.
- Calculates the protection ratio for each interference category using the selected template.
- Writes out all the data needed by Program 3.

# 2.2.2.1 Subroutine Hierarchy and Summary

The calling hierarchy of the subroutines in Program 2 is listed below. Each routine is called by the last preceding subroutine of the next (numerically) lower level.

# 2.2.3 Program 2

L E

# MAIN - Drives Program 2

1.1	INIT - Initiates constants and I/O Unit numbers
2.1	CTBLRW - Drives reads and writes of control and tables
3.1	RWCNTL - Reads and writes control tables
3.2	RWSNRA - Reads and writes scenario data
3.3	RWSNDS - Reads and writes scenario description
3.4	RWRARC - Reads and writes RARC Parameters
3.5	RWSVA - Reads and writes service area data
3.6	RDPRAT - Reads protection ratio template
3.7	RDBEAM - Reads beam tables
3.8	RWANT - Reads and writes antenna tables
3.9	RWGTBL - Reads and writes gain tables
3.10	RWGETB - Reads and writes gain entry table
4.1	PRGRA - Print graphs of gain table

5.1	GAINA - Calculates off-axis antenna gains
3.11	RWRATN - Reads and writes rain attenuation tables
3.12	RWTBSZ - Reads and writes up/down table sizes
1.2	TPATH - Drives reads, calculations and writes of Path and Point data
2.2	RDPATH - Reads Path related data
2.3	RDCHNL - Reads, converts, and edits channel data
3.13	INCAT2 - Calculates nominal frequencies and interference
	category tables
2.4	GENPRT - Calculates Protection ratios
3.14	CPRAT - Interpolates protection ratio templates
2.5	PRPTH - Processes path related data
3.15	POSITN - Finds satellite Cartesian coordinates
3.16	POSITN - Finds aimpoint Cartesian coordinates
3.17	RANGE - Finds satellite on-axis beam
3.18	ORIENT - Drives Orientation angle calculation (for
	non-circular satellite antennas)
4.2	ELPSE - Sets Ellipse orientation angle
5.2	LATLON - Finds reference point antenna coordinates
5.3	ELTLN - Finds orientation angle reference points
5.4	TRNFRM - Finds antenna beam plane base vectors
3.19	BMWGOA - Finds on-axis gain of satellite antennas
3.20	MAXCRD - Finds maximum chord for maximum Phi/Phi <u>O</u>
2.5	WRFRBW - Writes nominal wavelength and interference category
	tables
2.6	WRPRAT - Writes protection ratio ratios
2.7	RWPST - Reads and writes end point table
2.8	RWPOIN - Reads, calculates and writes ground point data
3.21	POSITN - Finds Cartesian coordinates of earth stations
3.22	BMWGOA - Finds earth station on-axis gains and antenna
	beamwidths
3.23	RANGE - Finds earth station on-axis beams
3.24	POWER - Finds earth station transmitter powers
4.3	RPWCN Finds Received power for C/N and PFD calculations
5.5	RANGE - Finds earth-station-satellite range
5.6	PHIS - Finds satellite antenna off-axis angles
5.7	SIGMA - Finds relative orientation angle

5.8	GAINA - Finds off axis antenna gains
5.9	PHIS - Finds elevation angle
5.10	ATTENU - Finds rain attenuation
5.11	GNEQU - Finds equivalent gain
2.9	WRPATH - Writes path related data

# 2.2.4 Program P3

Program P3 reads the interference matrix and then performs the following "cross" functions:

- For each satellite vs. ground point
  - Looks up the interference category (e.g. co-channel, upper-adjacent).
  - Does no calculations where the channels are non-interfering.
  - Does no calculations when the interference matrix specifies inhibition of interference between the service areas.
  - At the user's option, does no interference calculation when the phi/phiO (the off-axis angle divided by the beamwidth) of either antenna is greater than an input value.
  - At the user's option, does no interference calculation for same administration, same satellite position, same channel family (grouped runs only).
  - Calculates slant range, off-axis angle and orientation angle relative to the major axis of the ellipse.

- Calculates the copolarized and cross-polarized transmit and receive gains using the selected gain tables.
- Calculates the equivalent gain, rain attenuation and received power.
- Allows the user to specify up and down parameters (e.g. frequency, channelization) independently.

# For up calculations only

- Determines the weakest feederlink transmitter (FLT) in the satellite's own ground point set to determine carrier power and the strongest FLT's in the other ground point sets to determine the interfering powers for use in the carrier-to-interference calculations.

# • For both up and down

- Sums all the interference powers taking grouping into account.
- Calculates the carrier to interference ratios and margins for all the interference categories.
- Determines the worst interfering service areas in all five interference categories.
- Produces summary reports for up, down, and total aggregate interference.
- Writes all inputs, intermediate results and final results to a binary file for use by a report generator.

# 2.2.3 Subroutine Hierarchy and Summary

The calling hierarchy of the subroutines in Program 3 is listed below. Each routine is called by the last subroutine of the next higher lower level.

# 2.2.3.1 Program 3

E

Main - Reads interference matrix and drives Part 3

main - K	eads interference matrix and drives part 3
1.1 IN	IT - Initiates constants and I/O
2.1	CTBLRW - Drives reads and writes control tables
3.1	RWCNTL - Reads and writes control tables
3.2	RWSNRA - Reads and writes scenario data
3.3	RWSNDS - Reads and writes scenario description
3.4	RWRARC - Reads and writes RARC parameters
3.5	RWSVA - Reads and writes service area data
3.6	RWANT - Reads and writes antenna table
3.7	RWGTBL - Reads and writes gain tables
3.8	RWGETB - Reads and writes gain entry table
3.9	RWRATN - Reads and writes rain attenuation tables
3.10	RWTBSZ - Reads and writes up/down table sizes
1.2 UP	- Drives uppath calculations
2.2	READIN - Drives reads of path and point related data
3.11	RDPSD3 - Reads path related data
3.12	RWFRBW - Reads and writes interference category and nominal
	wavelength tables
3.13	RWPRAT - Reads and writes protection ratios
3.14	RWPST - Reads and writes endpoint tables
3.15	RDPOIN - Reads point set data
2.3	<pre>INIT3G - Initializes aggregate interference results</pre>
2.4	INIT3P - Initializes cross calculation results
2.5	CHKCRD - Checks if maximum Phi/Phio is exceeded
2.6	RPOWER - Finds received power relative to one watt transmitter
	power

3.16	RANGE - Finds slant range
3.17	PHIS - Finds off-axis angle for earth antenna
3.18	SIGMA - Finds relative orientation angle
3.19	PHIS - Finds off axis angle for satellite antenna
3.20	GAINA - Finds off axis antenna gains
3.21	PHIS - Finds elevation angle
3.22	ATTENU - Finds rain attenuation
3.23	GNEQU - Finds equivalent gain
2.7	BSTWST - Selects feederlink to be used in interference
	calculations
2.8	WRSLTS - Writes intermediate cross calculation results
2.9	WRTAGU - Prints up aggregate interference report
3.24	ERLOC - Calculates Earth station Latitude and Longitude
1.3	DOWN - Reads point data and drives downpath calculations
2.10	READIN - Drives reads of path and point related data
3.25	RDPSD3 - Reads path related data
3.26	RWFRBW - Reads and writes interference category and nominal
	wavelength tables
3.27	RWPRAT - Reads and writes protection ratios
3.28	RWPST - Reads and writes endpoint tables
2.11	INIT3P - Initializes cross calculation results
2.12	CHKCRD - Checks if maximum Phi/Phio exceeded
2.13	RPOWER - Finds received power relative to one watt transmitter
	power
3.29	RANGE - Finds slant range
3.30	PHIS - Finds off-axis angle for earth antenna
3.31	SIGMA - Finds relative orientation angle
3.32	PHIS - Finds off-axis angle for satellite antenna
3.33	GAINA - Finds off-axis antenna gains
3.34	PHIS - Finds elevation angle
3.35	ATTENU - Finds rain attenuation
3.36	GNEQU - Finds equivalent gain
2.14	WRSLTS - Writes intermediate cross calculation results
2.15	WRTAGD - Prints down aggregate interference report
3.37	ERLOC - Calculates Earth station Latitude and Longitude
2.16	WRATGT - Prints total aggregate interference report
3.38	ERLOC - Calculates Earth station Latitude and Longitude

### 2.3 HARDCOPY AND BINARY OUTPUTS

Each of the programs produce various hardcopy and binary outputs, as summarized below:

# 2.3.1 Program 1 Outputs

There are two types of outputs from Program 1:

- Formatted reports echoing the card image inputs and the binary outputs
- Binary outputs to Program 2

Specifically, the outputs of Program 1 are:

- OUT.RPT Formatted report echoing the selected card image inputs, with error messages to assist in debugging the data, including:
  - Control Data
  - Scenario Level Data
  - Scenario Description
  - RARC Parameter
  - Protection Ratio
    Template Table
  - Protection Ratio
    Entry Table
  - Beam Table

- Antenna Characteristics
  Table
- Gain Table
- Gain Entry Table
- Up/Down Table Sizes

- OUT.B.UP and OUT.W.UP
- OUT.B.DOWN and OUT.W.DOWN

Binary outputs for Program 2 and their corresponding formatted reports for up/down dependent data including:

- Feederlink/Downpath Table
- Channelization Table
- Channel Family Table
- Channel Table
- Point Set Table
- Points Table

Each of the report outputs is discussed in detail in Chapter 4 of the SOUP5 Version 3.4 User's Manual<sup>5</sup>.

# 2.3.2 Program 2 Outputs

There are three types of outputs from Program 2:

- Hardcopy diagnostic outputs
   Hardcopy error message outputs
- Binary outputs to Program 3

Specifically the outputs of Program 2 are:

- P2.IERUNT A formatted report containing messages to warn the user of errors in the input data
- P2.IDIAG A formatted report containing diagnostic output requested by the user
- P2.IOUTBN and P2.IOUTB2 Binary output for Program 3 containing all control and data variables.

The error messages and gain table graphs are described in detail in Chapter 4 of the SOUP5 Version 3.8 User's Manual<sup>5</sup>. Chapter 4-F of the Programmer's Manual describes the P2.IDIAG outputs.

# 2.3.3 Program 3 Outputs

There are four types of outputs from Program 3:

- Hardcopy diagnostic outputs
- Hardcopy aggregate interference summary reports
- Hardcopy detail reports
- Binary outputs for yet-to-be-defined report generators.

# Specifically, the outputs from Program 3 are:

- P3.IDIAG A report containing the diagnostic output requested by the user
- P3.IAGGI The aggregate interference summary reports for up and total interference
- P3.IAGG2 The aggregate interference summary report for down interference
- P3.IRPT1, P3.IRPT2, P3.IRPT3 Detail reports giving the detail results of each link equation calculation. The last, P3.IRPT3, is only written for scenarios using grouping
- P3.IOUTBN Binary output for use by report writing programs containing the results of the link equations.

Program 3 outputs are fully documented in Chapter 4 of the SOUP5 Version 8 User's Manual<sup>5</sup>; P3.IDIAG in Chapter 4-F of the Programmer's Manual.

# 2.4 TECHNICAL CAPABILITIES

The SOUP5 Version 3.8 system can handle aggregate interference calculations involving up to 300 service areas, with up to 2400 feederlink transmitters (FLTs) and 2400 earth station receivers (ESRs).

The FLTs and ESRs can be allocated to the service areas in any manner except that no one area can have more than 50 ESRs and 50 FLTs. A service area may be totally independent of the others, or sets of service areas may be linked into groups which coordinate their transmission in frequency blocks. Grouping is described in Section VIII.

Calculations for up and down interference are totally independent so that a service area may have different channelizations, satellite positions (for possible future implementation of intersatellite links), satellite antenna ellipses, polarizations, and ground point sets for up and down. If both up and down interference are calculated in the same run, the aggregate results are totalled.

# 2.5 TECHNICAL PROCESSING SEQUENCE

First all calculations involving only one service area or related to the whole scenario (up and down) are done in SOUP5 Program 2. These include:

- Antenna on-axis gains
- Transmitter power
- Antenna beamwidth
- Channelization, nominal wavelength and interference categories
- Protection ratios
- Satellite elliptical antenna beam base vectors, and ellipse major axis orientation.

Next, in Program 3, all cross calculations, (i.e., those calculations involving more than one service area) are done. The order in which each pair of service areas is processed differs between the up and down calculations, as explained below, but the sequence of the cross calculations is the same, and is the following:

Initialize all computed outputs to default values

- Set interference categories. If the two service areas have non-interfering channelizations, no further cross calculations are done.
- If the interference matrix (an input) indicates no interference between the service areas, no further calculations are done.
- Calculate slant range. If the satellite and the ground point are over the horizon from each other by more than HORIZ (an input parameter), no further calculations are done\*.
- Calculate satellite and ground antenna off-axis angles.
   Pointing tolerances are incorporated in such a way as to minimize the C/I ratios
- For satellite elliptical antenna beams, calculate the relative orientation angle between the ellipse major axis and the projection of the ground point in a plane perpendicular to the antenna beam
- Calculate satellite and ground antenna gains
- Calculate satellite elevation angle
- Calculate rain attenuation and depolarization
- Calculate equivalent gain
- Calculate received power
- Increment total interference

<sup>\*</sup>If a ground point (ESR or FLT) is over the horizon from its own satellite, the user is warned and the calculation continues. No valid results (i.e. not involving the over-the-horizon points) are affected.

Uppath cross calculations are done in the following sequence:

- Fix on one satellite
- Calculate the received power from all FLTs in its own service area (carrier power)
- In reality only one carrier FLT can be used at a time, so we choose which one to use as follows
  - If the FLT transmitter power is set directly as watts, or calculated from a desired EIRP, the weakest received power is designated as the carrier. This is consistent with SOUP's worst-case-analysis design
  - If the FLT transmitter power is set directly from a desired C/N, then the received power from all FLTs will be equal, unless the rain attenuation at one or more FLTs exceed the allowable rain margin (an input value). In this case, the received power from these rain-limited FLTs will be less than that needed for the desired C/N. We assume that these FLTs will not be used while the rain attenuation exceeds the allowed margin, so we use the strongest received power as the carrier.
  - If the FLT transmitter power is set from desired PFD, we use the strongest received power as the carrier.
- From each interfering service area we calculate the received power from all FLT's, designate the strongest signal as the interference from that service area.
- The signal from the satellite's own carrier FLT is also incremented into the total interference in all appropriate non-cochannel categories.

After summing all the interference on one satellite, go on to the next satellite.

Because there is only one transmitter per service area on downpath calculations the processing sequence is much simpler.

- Fix on one Earth Station Receiver (ESR)
- Calculate the received power from its own satellite, and designate this as the carrier.
- Calculate the received power from the other satellites and increment the power into the total interference. Also increment any non-cochannel signal from own satellite into the total interference.

After all the cross calculations are done for each satellite (for up) or ESR (for down), the interfering powers are summed by category for purposes of aggregate interference.

Details of the calculations summarized above are given in Section III through VIII.

### 2.6 TECHNICAL OPTIONS

The SOUP5 system gives the user a large number of calculation and input options. These are described in detail in the SOUP5 Version 3.8 User's Manual<sup>5</sup> but those relevant to this document are shown below. In parentheses after each item is a note showing where in the input data option is specified. Further details on each specification can be found in Chapter 4 of the User's Manual.

 Calculations in a run may be made for up only, down only, or both. In the latter case, total aggregate interference is calculated. (Record 1 of Control file)

- Power Flux Density (PFD) at the input to the receiving antenna or by carrier to noise ratio (C/N) at the output of the receiving antenna. If C/N is specified, noise temperature can be specified directly, or as the figure of merit (G/T). The maximum rain margin to be used in the C/N and PFD calculation may also be specified. See Section VI for details. (Records 2, 5-3, 5-5, and 5-7 of Data.Scenario. Antenna noise temperature is set in the antenna section of the parameter file. Maximum rain margin for up calculations is set in Record 2 of the scenario file. For down, the maximum rain margin is set in Record 3 of the RARC section of the parameter file.)
- Gain fall-off at the satellite beam edge (Delta-G) is specified for the whole scenario but can be overridden at the service area level. (Records 1, 5-3, and 5-5 of Data.Scenario, and Record 1 of RARC section of parameter file.)
- Earth antenna pointing tolerance is specified in units of the antenna beamwidth. (Records 1, 5-3 and 5-5 of Data.Scenario and Record 1 of RARC section of parameter file.)
- Satellite antenna pointing error is specified as an angle.
   (Records 1, 5-3 and 5-5 of Data.Scenario and Record 1 of RARC section of parameter file.)
- Antenna aperature efficiency is specified for each antenna. (Antenna Record of Data.Params.)
- Antenna gain patterns may be specified in a number of ways. See Section IV for details. (Antenna and Gain Pattern section of Data.Params.)

- The nominal frequency used for all calculations, can be set to the lowest, highest or median channel center frequency of a family. (Record 3 of Data.Scenario.)
- Channel's peak-to-peak deviation, bandwidths, noise bandwidths and top baseband frequency may be specified. (Channelization section of Data.Params.)
- Protection ratio curves are specified. (Protection Ratio section of Data.Params and Record 1 of Scenario file.)
- Group assignment can be specified. See Section VIII for details. (Option to use grouping on record 3 of Scenario file. Individual group assignments on Record 5-1 of same file.)
- For non-group assignment runs the user may choose not to include any interferer with the same administration code, satellite longitude, and channel family. (Record 3 of Data.Scenario.)
- The user may request that no interference be calculated if the Phi/Phio for either antenna is greater than an input value (Record 3 of Data.Scenario)
- Through the use of an interference matrix, the user can inhibit interference calculations between any two service areas in either direction. (Interference matrix file.)
- Circular or linear polarization can be specified. For linear polarization, the angle is specified. (Record 2 of Data.Scenario for circular/linear; Records 2, 5-3 and 5-5 of Data.Scenario for angle.)
- The percent of worst month number is specified for the rain attenuation calculations. (Record I of Data.Scenario.)

- The user may choose to include or not to include rain attenuation in the received power calculation. (Record 2 of Data.Scenario.)
- The polarization reference point may be set at either the subsatellite point or the satellite antenna aim poinmt (only relevant when using rain attenuation with linear polarization). (Record 2 of Data.Scenario.)
- The user may specify calculation of interference into one specific channel only. (Record 3 of scenario file.)
- The user may request the SOUP only calculate interference into a selected set of service areas. (Records 9-11 of Data.Control.)

### III. INPUT FILES

Most users only need concern themselves with DATA.SCENARIO and P3.IMATRX which contain the details of the plans and DATA.CONTROL which is used to select a plan to process. Users who wish to test changes in the available technical parameters, point sets, or ellipses, may want to maintain their own versions of DATA.PARAMS.

The input files contain sequentially organized, card image data (except for the IFRB provided data):

- System and Run Control Data:
  - DATA.P1 Contains error message formats, file unit assignments, and other internal Program 1 data.
  - DATA.P2 Contains file unit assignments for Program 2
  - DATA.P3 Contains file unit assignments and report page size for Program 3.

### DATA.CONTROL

- Name of scenario-plan for a run
- Process up and/or down option
- What reports will be written
- Scenario Data Overrides
- Debug printout flags for Pl to P5.

- R2BCSAT-83 Data Base Data:
  - DATA.SCENARIO contains a set of scenario-plans. Pl selects and processes one of them
  - DATA.PARAMS contains
    - RARC Parameters
    - Channelizations
    - Protection Ratio Sets
    - Point Sets (alternate for the IFRB Requirements File points)
    - Ellipses (alternate for the IFRB DEP and UEP files of down and up ellipse)
    - Antenna Characteristics Sets
    - Gain Tables
- Interference Matrix P3.IMATRX

This file allows the user to inhibit interference calculations between selected service areas. The matrix may be produced by the synthesis program or arbitrarily by the user.

- IFRB produced files
  - NRMF, Requirements File
  - DEP, downlink ellipses
  - UEP, uplink ellipses

Each of these files is discussed on the following pages.

# 3.1.1 DATA.P1 (Unit 5)

This file contains program-dependent data and should not be modified except for the first two and last fifty nine records, which may be installation dependent. The complete file is documented in the SOUP5 Programmer's Manual. The layout of the first two and last fifty-nine records are as described below.

First two records - contain the FORTRAN I/O unit assignments to be used in Program Pl.

Record

Record					
Characte	rs				
	01	IO-U	nit Assignments - Record #1		
1-20		05	Filler	PIC	X(20)
21-25		05	IUICTL	PIC	99999
			Data.Control input unit		
26-30		05	IUSCEN	PIC	99999
,			Data.Scenario input unit		
32-35		05	IUPARM	PIC	99999
			Data.Parameters input unit		
36-40		05	IURPT	PIC	99999
			Output unit for the formatted listing		
٠.			of the required input cards with error		
			and check/edit messages		
41-45		05	IUWCTL	PIC	99999
•	٠		Output unit for the formatted echo print		
			of the non-up/down-dependent binary data		
			passed to P2, with additional debug infor-		
			mation such as associated keys.		
46-50		05	IUW(1)	PIC	99999
51-55		05	IUW(2)	PIC	99999
			Output units for the formatted echo prints		
			of the up and down data (respectively) which		

mation such as associated keys.

is passed to P2, with additional debug infor-

Record			•	
Characte	ers			
56-60		05	IUBCTL	PIC 99999
			Output unit for the non-up/down-dependent	
			P1-P2 interface binary file. Corresponds	
			to INBIN in P2.DATA	
61-65		05	IUB(1)	PIC 99999
66-70		05	IUB(2)	PIC 99999
			Output units for up and down Pl-P2 interface	
			binary files. Correspond to INBINU and	•
			INBIND in P2.DATA, respectively.	
71 <b>-</b> 75		05	IUELL 1	PIC 99999
			Input unit for the up IFRB ellipse file	
76-80		05	IUELL2	PIC 99999
			Input unit for the down IFRB ellipse file	
	01	10	unit assignments - Record #2	
1-5		05	IUREQ	PIC 99999
			Input unit for the IFRB requirements file.	
			Between these records and the records documented	d
			below, there are a large number of program	
			dependent records, which are documented in	
			the Programmer's Manual. <sup>5</sup>	
			•	

 $\underline{59th}$  from last Record - This record contains the characters which are used to separate the file types in DATA.PARAMS. Currently these values are set to asterisks ('\*').

	01	Tern	nination-characters-record	
1-2		05	Two-character-termination	PIC XX
3-5		05	Three-character-termination	. PIC XXX
6-9		05	Four-character-termination	PIC XXXX
10-80		05	Filler	PIC X(71)

# Record Characters

# 58th from Last Record

1-20 20-25	01	Protect-from over/underflow 05 Filler 05 Largest power of 10 the computer can store as a real number	PIC 9999.9
	<u>57t</u>	h from last Record	
	01	Number-of-scenario- override-protection- records	
1-30		05 Filler	PIC X(30)
31-35		O5 Number-of-scenario-protections	PIC 99999
·	Las	t 56 Records	
	01	Protect-scenario-field-from-control	
		override record	
1-30		O5 Label-of-protected-field	PIC X(30)
31-35		05 Protection Flag	1=override
			allowed,
			0=not
		·	allowed

### 3.1.2 DATA.P2 (Unit 5)

This file contains I/O unit assignments for Program 2. It should not be changed by the user, only by the installation.

## First Record

Record

Character			
10	I/0	unit assignments	
1-5	05	INBIN	PIC 99999
		Binary Control input from Program 1	
		(corresponds to IUBCTL in DATA.P1)	
6-10	05	INBINU	PIC 99999
		Binary up data input from Program 1	
		(corresponds to IUB(1) output in DATA.P1)	
11-15	05	INBIND	PIC 99999
		Binary down data input from Program 1	
		(corresponds to IUB(2) output in DATA.Pl)	•
16-20	05	IOUTBN	PIC 99999
		Control and Point Data Binary output	
		for Program 3 (corresponds to INBIN in	
		DATA.P3)	
21-25	05	IERUNT	PIC 99999
		Formatted print output for error messages	
26-30	05	IAGG1 (not used)	PIC 99999
31-35	05	IAGG2 (not used)	PIC 99999
36-40	05	INBIN2 (not used)	PIC 99999
41-45	05	INBIN3B (not used)	PIC 99999
46-50	05	IOUTB2	PIC 99999
		Path data binary output for Program 3	
		(corresponds to INBIN2 in DATA.P3)	

Record

Character

51-55

05 IDIAG

PIC 99999

Formatted print output for

diagnostic data

56-80

05 Not used

Second Record

Not used but must be here

## 3.1.3 DATA.P3 (Unit 5)

This file contains I/O unit assignments and report page sizes for Program 3. It should not be changed by the user, only by the installation.

Record								
Characters <u>First Record</u>								
01	I/0	I/O unit assignments						
1-5	05	INBIN	PIC	99999				
		Input unit for control and point Binary						
		data from Program 2 (corresponds to						
		IOUTBN in DATA.P2)						
6-10	05	INBINU (not used)	PIC	99999				
11-15	05	INBIN (not used)	PIC	99999				
16-20	05	IOUTBN	PIC	99999				
		Output unit for binary data for use by						
,		report generator						
21-25		Not used ·	PIC	99999				
26-30	05	IAGG7	PIC	99999				
	•	Output unit for formatted up and down						
		aggregate interference summary report						
31-35	05	IAGG2	PIC	99999				
		Output unit for formatted total aggregate						
		interference report						
36-40	05	INBIN2	PIC	99999				
		Input unit for binary path data from Program	2					
		(corresponds to IOUTB2 in DATA.P2)						
41-45	05	INBIN3B (not used)	PIC	99999				
46-50	05	IOUTB2 (not used)	PIC	99999				
51-55	05	IDIAG	PIC	99999				
		Formatted print output for diagnostic						
		data						
56-60	05	IRPTI	PIC	99999				
		Formatted print output for Detail Report #1						

Record			
Characters			
61-65	05	IRPT2	PIC 99999
		Formatted print output for Detail Report #2	
66-70	05	IRPT3	PIC 99999
		Formatted print output for Detail Report #1	
		Cross polarized (Block allocation only)	
	Seco	nd Record	
1-5	05	Lines	PIC 99999
		Number of lines per page for output	
		reports	

#### 3.2 DATA.CONTROL

FILE NAME: DATA.CONTROL Unit IUICTL

This file contains the control data that are used to determine: which scenario will be run, whether to perform up and/or down calculations, error-severity stop codes, the generation of debug printouts in programs P1 through P5; and overrides for scenario records 1-3.

# RECORD CHARS.

	01	Proc	ess a	nd Ou	tput Control Card (Record 1)			
1-8		05	Se le	cted-	Scenario-Code	PIC	X(8)	•
9		05	Proc	ess-U	ppath-Flags	PIC	Χ	(Y,N)
10		05	Proc	ess-D	ownpath-Flags	PIC	X	(Y,N)
11-12		05	Stop	-if-e	rror-greater-than-value	PIC	99	
		05	P1-R	eport	-Request Flags			
			10	Inpu	t Echoes (on unit IURPT)			
13				15	Contro I	PIC	X	(Y=Print)
14				15	Scenario Plan	PIC	Χ	N or blank
15				15	Scenario description	PIC	Χ	don't print
16				15	RARC parameters	PIC	Χ	
17				15	Service Area	PIC	Χ	
18				15	Point Overrides	PIC	Χ	
19				15	Channelization	PIC	Χ	
20				15	Protection Ratios	PIC	Χ	
21				15	Point Sets	PIC	Χ	
22				15	Ellipses	PIC	Χ	
23				15	Antennas	PIC	Χ	
24				15	Gain Tables	PIC	Χ	
25				15	Summary of errors	PIC	Χ	
26			10	Echo	of P1.Data on unit IUWCTL			
			10	Echo	s of Binary output. The report	rts		
				be lo	w are primary useful for chec	king		
				the	input to program P2			
27				15	Control	PIC	Χ	(Y,N)
28				15	Scenario	PIC	·X	
29				15	RARC Parameters	PIC	X	

3-10

30		15 Service Area	PIC X	
31		15 Protection Ratio	PIC X	
32		15 Ellipses	PIC X	
33		15 Antenna	PIC X	
34		15 Not used	PIC X	
35		15 Gain Tables	PIC X	
36		15 Table sizes	PIC X	
37		15 Not used	PIC X	
38		15 Path Table	PIC X	
39		15 Channelization	PIC X	
40		15 Point Set	PIC X	
41-80		10 Filler		
		•		
			,	
RECORD				
CHARS.				
	01	P2-control-data-card (Record 2)		
1-2		05 Stop-if-error-greater-than-value	PIC 99	see note on page 3-22
3-80		05 Debug-printout-switch	PIC 9	see note
		occurs 78		on page 3-22
		000ur 3 70		
	01	P3-control-data-card (Record 3)		
÷	٠.	(same as P2)		
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	01	P4-control-data-card (Record 4)		
		(same as P2)		•
	01	P5-control-data-card (Record 5)		

(same as P2)

The following records allow the user to override selected <u>scenario</u>

<u>level</u> items in the scenario to be processed and to request that the
interference calculations be done only into a selected set of service areas.

If the user does not desire these functions, the control file may end here.

The records allow the user to override selected data items from the first
three records of the scenario. The records are in the same format as the
records being overridden. Any field which has a value in it, will override
the corresponding field in the scenario record (see pages 3-28 to 3-36
below.) In order to protect the integrity of the planning process, each
installation will designate (in Data.Pl) which fields may or may not be
overriden at this level and provide this information to the user. If the user
tries to override a protected field, SOUP5 will ignore the override and print
a warning. To change such fields, the user must generate a new scenario.

RECORD CHARS.	RECO	ORD DE	SCRIP	TION	·	•		FORM	<u>AT</u>	COMMENT
	01	&Sce	nario	-Reco	rd-1-	0verr	ide			
		03	Card	-1						
1-8			++05	٠	Scen	ario-!	(e <b>y</b>		PIC X	((8) Identifier
9			05	Card	type			PIC 2	X	=1 (Scenario)
,	<b>.</b>		05	RARC	-para	meter-	-data			
10-13				10			meters-	PIC 2	XXXX	
				10		t-key -paraı	neter-overrides			(overrides RARC values if not blank)
					15		nna-and-beam rameters			
14-17						20+*	[E-ant- pointing- tolerance]	PIC	.999	fraction of beam- width: used for antenna off-axis angle calculations
18-21						20+*	[S-ant- pointing tolerance]	PIC S	9.99	degrees: used for antenna off-axis angle calculations
22-25						20	[E-ant- rota- tional- tolerance],	PIC S	9.99	degrees (not used in SOUP)
26-29						20	[S-ant- PIC rota- tional- tolerance]	9.99	degre	ees ( <u>not</u> used in SOUP)
30-33						20+	[Delta-G-to- edge of beam		9.99	dB cannot be negative

All variables marked with a "+" can be overridden at the service area level.

<sup>\*</sup>Used to add pointing error to gain calculations. Not related to pointing and rotational tolerances on records 5-2 and 5-4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>&</sup>All blank or zeros (for numeric data) fields will default to the value set at the scenario level. To override a non-zero value to a zero, you must use the smallest non-zero value that will fit in the field.

<sup>++</sup>Must correspond to Columns 1-8 of Record 1 of this file. 3-13

# ORIGINAL PAGE IS OF POOR QUALITY

Control Overrid Scenario Card I (Optional)

RECORD					=	0011117117
CHARS.	RECORD DESCRIP	ION			FORMAT	COMMENT
34-41		15	Rai w	n-atten-pct- orst-month	PIC F(8)	Limits are .054 to 2.93. Used for rain attenuation calculations.
		15	Pro	tection-ratio-	set-data	Protection ratio templates
42-45			20	Downpath- protec- tion-set- key	PIC XXXX	
46-49			20	Feederlink- protec- tion-ratio key		
50-53			20	Total- protec- tion- ratio-set- key	PIC XXXX	i
54-57	•		20	Downpath-PR- zero	PIC 99.9	dB Co-channel Pro ratio
58-61			20	Feederlink- PR-zero	PIC 99.9	dB Co-channel Pro ratio
62-65			20	Total-PR- zero	PIC 99.9	dB Co-channel Pro ratio
66-80	05	Filler			PIC X(15)	

Control Overrides Scenario Card 2 (Optional)

RECORD CHARS.	RECO	ORD DE	SCRIP	TION	FORMAT	COMMENT		
	01	&Sce	nario	-Record-2-Override				
1-8		&& <sub>05</sub>	j	Scenario-key		PIC X(8)		
9		05	Card	type	PIC 9	=2(Scenario)		
		05+	Chan	nelization-scheme-defaults		For selection of channelzation scheme		
10-13			10	Downpath-chnlztn-scheme	PIC XXXX			
14-17			10	Uppath-chnlztn-scheme	PIC XXXX			
		05+	Poin	t-data ့				
18			10	Rqmts-file-selection- option	PIC X	Source of points data Blank=Rqmts file R=Rqmts file P=Points file		
19,20, ,23			10*	ESR-point-selection- code occurs 5	PIC X	Explained below (e.g., TP)		
24,25,26			10**	FLT-point-selection- code occurs 3	PIC X	Explained below (e.g., PM)		
				For ESR- and FLT-point- selection-code, enter codes of point type codes to be selected:	5			
				For ESR, any of: E=exterior B=boundary P=polygon (Box 6 B of I=interior T=test (Box 7 of Rec	•			

All variables marked with a "+" can be overriden at the service area level.

\*These codes will be used only for point sets labeled as down, no matter
where they are being used.

\*\*These codes will be used only for point sets labeled as up, no matter how they are being used.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>&</sup>All blank or zeros (for numeric data) fields will default to the value set at the scenario level. To override a non-zero value to a zero, you must use the smallest non-zero value that will fit in the field.

<sup>&&</sup>Must correspond to Columns 1-8 of Record 1 of this file.

Control Overrid Scenario Card 2 (Optional)

RECORD CHARS.	RECORD DES	SCRIP	TION	·	FORMAT	COMMENT
	·		For	r FLT, any three of: I=Interior (Box 16 or F=Fixed M=Mobile T=Test (Box 13 of Red P=Polygon (Box 14 of	q. Form)	
	05+	Elli	pse-f	ile-data		
27-31		10*	Elli	pse-longitude-tolerance	PIC 99.99	degrees
32		10+		pse-file-selection- tion	PIC X	blank=Ellipse Fil E=Ellipse fil P=Parameter data
	05	Ante	nna-p	arameters-defaults		•
		10	Down	path-antennas		
33-36	·		15+	Sat-tr-ant-charac- set-key	PIC XXXX	Satellite Transmit
37-40	·		15+	ESR-rcv-ant-charac- set-key	PIC XXXX	Earth Station Receive
41			15+	Down-ants-circ-or- linear-polarization flag	PIC X	(C,L) (Circular/ Linear)
42			15	Down-ants-aimpoint- or-subsat-pt-calc- flag	PIC X	(A,S) (aimpoint/ subsatellite poin
43-46		10		erlink-antennas FLT-tr-ant-charac- set-key	PIC XXXX	Feederlink Transm
47-50			15+	Sat-rcv-ant-charac- set-key	PIC XXXX	Satellite Receive
51			15+	Up-ants-cir-or-linear- polarization-flag	PIC X	(C,L) Circular/ Linear

<sup>\*</sup>SOUP5 always picks the ellipse whose longitude is closest to the satellite longitude. Changing this value will not affect which ellipse is selected, unless the value is smaller than the longitude difference of the closest ellipse. In this case no ellipse will be selected and the user notified of this fatal error.

All variables marked with an "+" can be overridden at the service area level.

Control Overrides Scenario Card 2 (Optional)

RECORD CHARS.	RECORD DE	SCRIPT	ION	FORMAT	COMMENT
52		. **	<pre>15    Up-ants-aimpoint-or subsat-pt-calc-flag</pre>	PIC X	(A,S) Aimpoint/ Subsatellite point
	05	Rain-	attenuation-data		
53	-	10	Rain-attenuation-calc-flag	PIC X	C=Clear air R=rain attenuation
54-57		10	Max-allowed-rain-margin- uppath	PIC 99.9	dB; for power calculation
	05+		lite-transmitter-power- aults		
58		10	EIRP-CN-PFD-or-power-flag	PIC X	(E,C,F,P) (How to compute/power)
59-64		10	Satellite-EIRP or	PIC S99.99	dBW, Flag = E
		1	ESR-CN or	PIC S999.9	dB, Flag = C
			ESR-PFD or	PIC S999.9	dBW/M2, Flag = F
		1	Satellite-power	PIC 999.9	W, Flag = P
65-68		10	Max-adjustment	PIC 99.9	dB (Not used in SOUP)
	05+		rlink-transmitter-power-		
69			aults EIRP-CN-PFD-or-power-flag	PIC X	(E,C,F,P)
70-75		10	FLT-EIRP or	PIC S99.99	dBW, Flag = E
			FLT-CN or	PIC S999.9	dB, Flag = C
			FLT-PFD or	PIC S999.9	$dBW/M^2$ , Flag = F
			FLT-power	PIC 999.9	W, Flag = P
76-79		10	Max-adjustment	PIC 99.9	dB ( <u>Not</u> used in SOUP)
80	05	Fille	r	PIC X	

<sup>\*\*</sup>Needed only for linear polarization.
All variables marked with an "+" can be overridden at the service area level.

Control Overrid Scenario Card 3 (Optional)

RECORD CHARS.	RECO	RD DE	SCRIP	TION		FORMAT	COMMENT
	01	<sup>&amp;</sup> Sce	nario	-Reco	rd-3-0verride.		1
1-8		&& <sub>05</sub>	Scen	ario-	key	PIC X(8)	Identifier
9		05	Card	type		PIC 9	=3(Scenario)
		05	Outp	ut-da	ta		1
			10	Outp	ut-options		Yes or no
10				15	P3-Aggregate-report	PIC X	(Y,N) Summary
11				15	P3-Detail-report-I	PIC X	(Y,N) Single link
12				15	P3-Detail-report-2	PIC X	(Y,N) Single link
13				15	P3-Binary-output	PIC X	(Y,N) For post- processor
14				15	P2-Gain-table-graphs	PIC X	(Y,N) For checkin pattern
15,16,17,	18,19			15	T.B.D.  occurs 5	PIC X	(Y,N) Not yet use
			10	Outp	ut-parameters		
20-24				*15	P3-Aggregate-report- margin-threshold- down-and-total	PIC 999.9	dB (Maximum value 300)**
25-29				*15	P3-Aggregate-report- margin-threshold-up	PIC 999.9	dB (Maximum value 300)**

<sup>\*</sup>Only aggregate report lines of service areas whose aggregate margin is less than or equal to this value will be printed.

All blank or zeros (for numeric data) fields will default to the value set at the scenario level. To override a non-zero value to a zero, you must use the smallest non-zero value that will fit in the field.

&&Must correspond to columns 1-8 of record 1 of this file.

All variables marked with an "+" can be overridden at the service area level.

Control Overrides Scenario Card 3 (Optional)

RECORD CHARS.	RECORD DESCRIPTION	V	FORMAT	COMMENT
30-34	+15	- 5 P3-Detail-report-CI-	PIC 999.9	dB (Maximum value
00 01		threshold-down	110 333.3	300)**
35-39	+15	5 P3-Detail-report-CI- threshold-up	PIC 999.9	dB (Maximum value 300)**
40-43		P2-Gain-Table-graph- phi-zero	PIC 99.9	degrees: must be greater than zero if used at all
44-58	05 Filler	I	PIC X(21)	
	05 Other-so	cenario-level-data		
59-61	&10 Max Int	ximum phi/phi0-for- terference	PIC 9.9	No interference will be calculated when phi/phi0 of either antenna is greater than this value. If set to zero all interferences will be calculated.
62-63	&&10 Si	ngle-victim channel	PIC 99	If blank or zero process normally if not - calculate interference into this channel only
64		nibit-same-sat-adm- anfam-interference	PIC X	(Y, N) If blank, 'N' is assumed
65-67	10 Nur	mber of service areas	PIC 999	- limit 300
68-73	10 Ho	rizon	PIC F(6)	km distance over horizon Earth- Satellite link can still exist

<sup>\*</sup>Only detail report lines of link equation results whose C/I is less than or equal to this value will be printed.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Maximum value may depend on computer being used but in almost all cases should be greater than or equal to 300.

<sup>\*</sup>If this has a value of 'Y' no interference will be calculated between service areas with same administration, same satellite longitude, and same channel family (for unblocked runs).

same channel family (for unblocked runs). &&Must be blank or zero if Grouping flag (Col 75) is 'Y'. To override this field to 0, set to a negative value.

<sup>&</sup>amp;To overide a positive value in the scenario file with a zero, use a negative number.

Control Overrid Scenario Card 3 (Optional)

RECORD RECORD CHARS.	RECORD DESCRI	IPTION	FORMAT	COMMENT
74	++10	Nominal-frequency-option	PIC X	<pre>(L,M,H) L = use center frequency lowest channel, median channel, highest channel</pre>
75	&10	Grouping-in-effect-flag	PIC X	(Y,N)
76	05 Nun	nber-of-description-cards	PIC 9	(0-9)
77-78	05 No 1	t Used - Must be blank		
79		rvice-area-downpath-cards- oresent-flag	PIC X	(Y,N) yes/no
80		rvice-area-feederlink-cards- present-flag	PIC X	(Y,N) yes/no

<sup>++</sup>Nominal frequency is the frequency used for all gain and attenuation calculations. Each channel family has its own nominal frequency.
&Must be 'N' if single-victim channel (cols 62-63) is non-blank.

Control Calculate-Interference-Only-Into Certain-Service-Areas

The next set of records allow the user to restrict the SOUP calculations to compute interference only into a designated set of service areas. If the user desires to calculate the interference into all the service areas, he may omit these records. If selected interference is desired, the three scenario override records, documented above, must exist at least as blank records. Up to a maximum of 3 records may be included here which will allow the user to designate up to 24 service areas for interference calculations, while excluding all others.

# RECORD CHARS.

Ol Calculation-service-areas (repeats 1 to 3 times)

O5 Service-area (repeats as needed, up to 8 times)

1-3,11-13,21-23	10	Administration	PIC XXX
31-33,71-73			
4-5, 14-15, 24-25,	10	Area-designator	PIC XX
34-35,74-75			
6-8,16-18,26-28,	10	Area-Type	PIC XXX
36-3876-78			

### Note 1 - Stop-if-error-code-greater-than-value

Programs P1 and P2 perform various checks on the data which may detect errors of varying severity:

LEVEL	<u>USAGE</u>							
20	Comments and warnings - e.g.:							
	- invalid code values							
	set to default values							
	- violation of RARC parameters							
21 and 22	Errors which may affect the processing or calculation of results downstream, but which generally can be processed.							
23	Errors which will cause an abnormal halt in a subsequent program. Data required for a subsequent program have not been written.							
97	Fatal error for Program 3, Program 1 and Program 2 may continue processing							
98	Fatal error for Program 2, Program 1 may continue processing							
99	Fatal errors. Read errors due to invalid data, premature file ends, data sequencing errors.							

If an error detected by P1 or P2 has a severity greater than the value input on its control card, execution halts.

Program P3 does not use error severity logic.

#### Note 2 - Debug Print Switches

Program P2 and P3 have diagnostic prints at selected points controlled by the values of their respective print switches. (P1 uses swith logic to control output reports). If a switch is set to 1, the corresponding

diagnostic output appears in the program's diagnostic file at each execution of the code at the point. A detailed list of the data provided by each switch is provided in the Programmer's Manual.

The output controlled by these switches is designed for the programmer and system analyst, not the user. In general, the user should set all these to 0 (or blank).

#### 3.3 USE OF THE R2BCSAT-83 DATA BASE

Program Pl uses five input units for its data base. This division is done for processing efficiency, installation flexibility (some installations may not need all the files, and to allow the installation to give different files different levels of protection.

The five files are summarized below.

<u>DATA.SCENARIO</u> on unit IUSCEN (card image) - This file contains a set of records for each plan which can be analyzed. Each plan specifies all the satellite positions and provides to the technical parameters (such as point sets, ellipses, antennas, etc.) to use. This file is designed to be modified by the user. In most cases it is the only file the user needs to change.

#### DATA.PARAMS on unit IUPARM (card image)

This file contains technical parameters (i.e., antennas, point sets and ellipses). The installation will usually maintain an official version, but the user will have the option of maintaining his own private version in order to test new or modified parameters. The ellipses and the point sets in this file can be used to satisfy some or all of the scenario's requirements. In the latter case, the last three files below are not needed.

#### P3.IMATRX on unit P3.IMATRX

This file contains portions of the interference matrix which allows the user to inhibit interference calculations between selected service areas. The file can be produced by the synthesis program, or the user. If left empty all interference calculations will be done normally.

# ELLIPSE - UP on unit IUELL1 ELLIPSE - DOWN on unit IUELL2

These files contain the official IFRB ellipses and are maintained by the IFRB. They are not designed to be modified by the user. If the user wants a non-official ellipse, it must be in DATA.PARAMS.

## REQUIREMENTS on unit IUREQ

This file, maintained by the IFRB, contains all the information from the requirements forms developed for RARC-83. It is not designed to be modified by the user. SOUP5 can use it to obtain point set data and the location on the ellipse files of required ellipses. If the user wishes to use an unofficial point set, it can put on a private version of DATA.PARAMS.

#### 3.3.1 DATA.SCENARIO - UNIT IUSCEN

DATA.SCENARIO contains sets of Scenario-plans. No special ordering of the scenarios on the file is necessary for PI to find and process the correct scenario specified in DATA.CONTROL. However, within a scenario, the order specified for the record types must be strictly followed. In addition, if service area grouping is in effect, the service areas which are grouped must be contiguous in the data.

#### Scenario Structure

The layout of a Scenario-plan is provided on the following pages, including allowable codes and units (e.g., dB). Inputs forms for the card-image scenario data are provided in Appendix A.

The data in a scenario are structured as follows:

- o Scenario Level applies to the run as a whole
  - Scenario description; optional
- o Service Area (SA) Level Repeats for each service area:
  - SA applies to entire service area; required
  - SA/Downpath applies to the Downpath of a service area;
     optional
  - SA/Feederlink applies to the Feederlink of a service area; optional
  - Downpath point overrides; optional
  - Feederlink point overrides; optional

#### Conventions

- o A non-blank value in an override field replaces the value assigned at a higher level.
- o The various code fields such as Y(es) and N(o) usually have default values (for blank etc.) but some illegal values give fatal errors or warnings. If a warning is given then the

program goes on using a specified value as a default. This value is usually the same as the blank default if any, but this is not always the case.

The various keys point to data which are to be selected from the seven subfiles of the parameter file or the IFRB files

RARC
Channel Schemes
Protection Ratio Templates
Point Sets
Ellipses
Antennas
Gain Patterns
Requirements
Up Ellipses
Down Ellipses

FILE NAME: Scenario-plans

RECORD TYPE: CARD-1 - SCENARIO - These data apply to all service areas unless overridden at the service area level or again at the point level  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

RECORD CHARS.	RECORD DESCRIPTION								IAT	COMMENT	
	01	Scer	nario-	plan							
		03	Card	1-1							·
1-8			05	Scer	nario-	key		PIC	X(8)	Identifier	
9			05	Card	itype			PIC	Χ	=1 (Scenario	o) ]
			05	RAR	-para	weter	-data				
10-13				10		-para t-key	meters-	PIC	XXXX	blank=use co offic	urrent ial se
				10	RARO	-para	neter-overri	de s		(overrides f values if no blank)	
					15		nna-and-beam rameters		·		1
14-17						20+*	[E-ant- pointing- tolerance		.999	fraction of width: used antenna off angle calcu	d for axis
18-21						20+*	[S-ant- pointing tolerance		9.99	degrees: u antenna off angle calcu	-axis l
22-25						20	[E-ant- rota- tional- tolerance	_	9.99		ot use SOUP)

All variables marked with a "+" can be overridden at the service area level.

<sup>\*</sup>Used to add pointing error to gain calculations. Not related to pointing and rotational tolerances on records 5-2 and 5-4.

FILE NAME: Scenario-plans

RECORD TYPE: CARD-1 - SCENARIO (Continued)

RECORD CHARS.	RECORD DESCRIPTION				FORM	<u>AAT</u>	COMMENT	
26-29			20	[S-ant- rota- tional- tolerance]	PIC	9.99	degrees	(not used in SOUP)
30-33		•	20+	[Delta-G-to- edge of be		9.99	dB	
34-41		15	Rain wo	-atten-pct- rst-month	PIC	F(8)	Limits an .054 to .054 to .054 to .054 to .054 to .055	2.93. rain ion
		15	Prot	ection-ratio-	set-d	data	Protection template	
42-45			20	Downpath- protec- tion-set- key	PIC	XXXX		
46-49			20	Feederlink- protec- tion-ratio key		XXXX		·
50-53			20	Total- protec- tion- ratio-set- key		XXXX		
54-57			20	Downpath-PR- zero	PIC	99.9	dB Co-ch ratio	annel Prot.
58-61			20	Feederlink- PR-zero	PIC	99.9	dB Co-ch ratio	annel Prot.
62-65	-		20	Total-PR- zero	PIC	99.9	dB Co-ch ratio	annel Prot.
66-80	05 Fill	er			PIC	X(15)		

3-29

FILE NAME: Scenario-plans

RECORD TYPE: CARD-2 - SCENARIO

These data apply to all service areas unless overridden at the service are level or again at the point level.

RECORD CHARS.	RECO	ORD DE	SCRIP	TION	FORMAT	COMMENT
	03	Card	1-2			Identifier
1-8		05	Scen	ario-key	PIC X(8)	
9		05	Card	type	PIC 9	=2(Scenario)
		05+	Chan	nelization-scheme-defaults		For selection of channelzation scheme
10-13			10	Downpath-chnlztn-scheme	PIC XXXX	
14-17			10	Uppath-chnlztn-scheme	PIC XXXX	
		05+	Poin	t-data		
18			10	Rqmts-file-selection- option	PIC X	Source of points data Blank=Rqmts file R=Rqmts file P=Points file
19,20, ,23			10*	ESR-point-selection- code occurs 5	PIC X	Explained below (e.g., TP)
24,25,26			10**	FLT-point-selection- code occurs 3	PIC X	Explained below (e.g., PM)

All variables marked with a "+" can be overriden at the service area level.

<sup>\*</sup>These codes will be used only for point sets labeled as down, no matter where they are being used.

<sup>\*\*</sup>These codes will be used only for point sets labeled as up, no matter how they are being used.

FILE NAME: Scenario-plans

RECORD TYPE: CARD-2 - SCENARIO (Continued)

RECORD CHARS. RECORD DESCRIPTION

FORMAT COMMENT

For ESR- and FLT-pointselection-code, enter codes of point type codes to be selected:

For ESR, any of: E=exterior B=boundary

P=polygon (Box 6 B of Req. Form)

I=interior

T=test (Box 7 of Req. Form)

For FLT, any three of:
 I=Interior (Box 16 of Req. Form)
 F=Fixed
 M=Mobile

T=Test (Box 13 of Req. Form)
P=Polygon (Box 14 of Req. Form)

05+ Ellipse-file-data

27-31 10\* Ellipse-longitude-tolerance PIC 99.99 degrees

P=Parameter

data

05 Antenna-parameters-defaults

10 Downpath-antennas

33-36 15+ Sat-tr-ant-charac- PIC XXXX Satellite set-key Transmit

All variables marked with a "+" can be overridden at the service area level. \*SOUP5 always picks the ellipse whose longitude is closest to the satellite longitude. Changing this value will not affect which ellipse is selected, unless the value is smaller than the longitude difference of the closest ellipse. In this case no ellipse will be selected and the user notified of this fatal error.

FILE NAME: Scenario-plans

RECORD TYPE: CARD-2 - SCENARIO (Continued)

RECORD CHARS.	RECORD DES	SCRIP	TION		FORMAT	COMMENT
	NEOUND DE	301(2)			***************************************	
37-40			15+	ESR-rcv-ant-charac- set-key	PIC XXXX	Earth Station Receive
41			15+	Down-ants-circ-or- linear-polarization flag	PIC X	(C,L) (Circular/ Linear)
42			15	Down-ants-aimpoint- or-subsat-pt-calc- flag	PIC X	(A,S) (aimpoint/ subsatellite poir
43-46		10		erlink-antennas FLT-tr-ant-charac- set-key	PIC XXXX	Feederlink Transm
47-50	·		15+	Sat-rcv-ant-charac- set-key	PIC XXXX	Satellite Receive
51			15+	Up-ants-cir-or-linear- polarization-flag	PIC X	(C,L) Circular/ Linear
52		*	<b>*</b> 15	Up-ants-aimpoint-or subsat-pt-calc-flag	PIC X	(A,S) Aimpoint/ Subsatellite poin
	05	Rain	-atte	nuation-data		
53		10	Rain	-attenuation-calc-flag	PIC X	C=Clear air R=rain attenuatio
54-57		10		allowed-rain-margin- path	PIC 99.9	dB; for power (
	05+		llite fault	-transmitter-power- s		. }
58		10	EIRP	-CN-PFD-or-power-flag	PIC X	(E,C,F,P) (How to compute/power)

All variables marked with an "+" can be overridden at the service area level.

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^{\star\star}}\xspace$  Needed only for linear polarization.

FILE NAME: Scenario-plans

RECORD TYPE: CARD-2 - SCENARIO (Continued)

RECORD						
CHARS.	RECORD DES	CRIP	TION		FORMAT	COMMENT
59-64		10	Satellite-EIRP	or	PIC S99.99	dBW, Flag = E
			ESR-CN	or	PIC S999.9	dB, Flag = C
			ESR-PFD	or	PIC S999.9	$dBW/_{M}2$ , Flag = F
			Satellite-powe	r	PIC 999.9	W, Flag = P
65-68		10	Max-adjustment		PIC 99.9	dB (Not used in SOUP)
	05+		erlink-transmit faults	ter-power-		
69		10	EIRP-CN-PFD-or	-power-flag	PIC X	(E,C,F,P)
70-75		10	FLT-EIRP or		PIC S99.99	dBW, Flag = E
			FLT-CN or		PIC S999.9	dB, Flag = C
			FLT-PFD or		PIC S999.9	$dBW/_{M}2$ , Flag = F
			FLT-power		PIC 999.9	W, Flag = P
76-79		10	Max-adjustment	;	PIC 99.9	dB ( <u>Not</u> used in SOUP)
80	05	Fill	er		PIC X	

<sup>+</sup>All variables marked with an "+" can be overridden at the service area level.

DATA BASE AREA: Scenarios (Plans)

FILE NAME: Scenario-plans

RECORD TYPE: CARD-3 - SCENARIO

Report control and other data

RECORD CHARS.	RECO	RECORD DESCRIPTION				FORMAT	COMMENT
	03	Card	i-3				
1-8		05	Scer	nario-	key	PIC X(8)	Identifier /
9		05	Card	ltype		PIC 9	=3(Scenario)
		<sup>&amp;</sup> 05		Outp	out-data		l
		•	10	Outp	out-options		Yes or no
10		٠		15	P3-Aggregate-report	PIC X	(Y,N) Summary
11 .				15	P3-Detail-report-1	PIC X	(Y,N) Single link
12				15	P3-Detail-report-2	PIC X	(Y,N) Single link
13				15	P3-Binary-output	PIC X	(Y,N) For post- processor
14				15	P2-Gain-table-graphs	PIC X	(Y,N) For checkin pattern
15,16,17,	18,19	)		15	T.B.D.  occurs 5	PIC X	(Y,N) Not yet use
			10	Outp	out-parameters		
20-24				*15	P3-Aggregate-report- margin-threshold- down-and-total	PIC 999.9	dB (Maximum value 300)**
25-29		,		*15	P3-Aggregate-report- margin-threshold-up	PIC 999.9	dB (Maximum value 300)**

<sup>\*</sup>Only aggregate report lines of service areas whose aggregate margin is less than or equal to this value will be printed.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Maximum value may depend on computer being used but in almost all cases should be greater than or equal to 300.

Can be overridden on Record #1 of Data.Control

FILE NAME: Scenario-plans

RECORD TYPE: CARD-3 - SCENARIO (Continued)

RECORD CHARS.	RECORD DESCRIPTION		FORMAT	COMMENT
30-34	+15	P3-Detail-report-CI- threshold-down	PIC 999.9	dB (Maximum value 300)**
35-39	+15	P3-Detail-report-CI- threshold-up	PIC 999.9	dB (Maximum value 300)**
40-43	15	P2-Gain-Table-graph- phi-zero	PIC 99.9	degrees: must be greater than zero if used at all
44-58	05 Filler		PIC X(21)	
	05 Other-sce			
59-61		imum-phi/phi0-for-	PIC 9.9	No interference will be calculated when phi/phi0 for either antenna is greater than this value. If set to 0 or blank, all interferences will be calculated.
62-63	&&10 Sing	gle-victim channel	PIC 99	If blank or zero process normally if not - calculate interference into this channel only
64	++10 char	Inhibit-same-sat-adm- nfam-interference	PIC X	(Y, N) If blank, 'N' is assumed

<sup>\*</sup>Only detail report lines of link equation results whose C/I is less than or equal to this value will be printed.

\*\*See note on previous page.

<sup>\*</sup>limit depends on version of program

<sup>+</sup>If this has a value of 'Y' no interference will be calculated between service areas with same administration, same satellite longitude, and same channel family (for unblocked runs).

same channel family (for unblocked runs). &&Must be blank or zero if Grouping flag (Col 75) is 'Y'.

<sup>&</sup>amp;If set properly, this can save a large amount of computer time, without significantly affecting the results.

FILE NAME: Scenario-plans

RECORD TYPE: CARD-3 - SCENARIO (Continued)

RECORD CHARS.	RECORD DESCRI	PTION	FORMAT	COMMENT
65-67	10	Number of service areas	PIC 999	- limit*
68-73	10	Horizon	PIC F(6)	km distance over horizon Earth- Satellite link c still exist
74	++10	Nominal-frequency-option	PIC X	(L,M,H) L = use center frequency lowest channel, median channel, highest channel
75	&10	Grouping-in-effect-flag	PIC X	(Y,N)
76	O5 Num	ber-of-description-cards	PIC 9	(0-9)
77-78	05 Not	Used - Must be blank		
79		vice-area-downpath-cards- resent-flag	PIC X	(Y,N) yes/no
80		vice-area-feederlink-cards- resent-flag	PIC X	(Y,N) yes/no

<sup>++</sup>Nominal frequency is the frequency used for all gain and attenuation calculations Each channel family has its own nominal frequency.

<sup>&</sup>amp;Must be 'N' if single-victim channel (cols 62-63) is non-blank.

FILE NAME: Scenario-plans

RECORD TYPE: CARD-4 - SCENARIO

RECORD CHARS.	RECORD DESCRIPTION			FORMAT	COMMENT	
	05	Scenario-description-card				
		*	(repeating group, as many set on column 76 of scena	as needed - up ario card 3)	to 9. Number	
1-8		10	Scenario-key	PIC X(8)	(Identifier)	
9		10	Cardtype	PIC 9	=4	
10		10	Card-number	PIC 9	=1,,n(Descrip- tion)	
11-80		10	Description	PIC X(70)	For titles	

FILE NAME: Scenario-plans

RECORD TYPE: CARD-5-1- SERVICE AREA - Defines an area

RECORD CHARS.	RECORD DI	ESCRII	PTION			FORMAT	COMMENT
	05	Scenario-service-area * (repeating group)					Identifies area
		07	Serv	vice-	area-card-l		
1-8			10	Sce	nario-key	PIC X(8)	As on card-1
9			10	Car	dtype	PIC 9	=5 (Service Area)
			10	Ser	vice-area-key		
10-12				15	ITU-admin-abbrev	PIC XXX	(e.g., USA)
13-14				15	Area-designator	PIC XX	(e.g., ET)
15-17				15	Area-type	PIC XXX	(e.g., STC)
18			10	Sub	cardtype	PIC 9	=1 (Service Area)
19-22			10	Gro	up-code	PIC XXXX	<pre>blanks = not grou ed; used only if grou ing flag = Y</pre>
23-80	ì		10	Fil	ler	PIC X(58)	ID (for title)

FILE NAME: Scenario-plans

RECORD TYPE: CARD-5-2 - SERVICE/DOWNPATH

RECORD CHARS.	REC	ORD DE	ESCRIF	TION			FORMAT	COMMENT
	07	Serv	/ice-a	rea-c	ard-2	2		Downpath Data
1-8		10	Scer	nario-	key		PIC X(8)	Identifier
9		10	Card	itype			PIC 9	=5 (Service Area)
		10	Serv	/ice-a	rea-l	key		
10-12			15	ITU-	admi	n-abbrev	PIC XXX	
13-14			15	Area	-de s	ignator	PIC XX	
15-17			15	Area	-type	<b>2</b>	PIC XXX	
18		10	Sub	card-t	ype		PIC 9	=2 (Downpath)
		10	Dowr	npath-	data			
			15	Elli	pse-	key		pointer to ellipse in parameter or ellipse files
				20	Poi	nt-set-key		pointer to point set in parameter or requirement file
19					25	Up-down-flag*	PIC X	U=up ellipse and FLT pt-set D=down ellipse and ESR pt-set G=down ellipse and FLT pt-set H=up ellipse and ESR pt-set if blank, D is assumed

<sup>\*</sup>This field determines whether the up or down point set and ellipse will be used. The ellipse and point set names are designated in columns 20-27 below. 3-39

SCENARIO SERVICE AREA DOWNPATH CARD 5-2 (Cont.)

DATA BASE AREA: Scenarios (Plans)

FILE NAME: Scenario-plans

RECORD TYPE: CARD-5-2 - SERVICE/DOWNPATH (Continued)

DECODD						
RECORD CHARS.	RECORD DESCRIPTION				FORMAT	COMMENT
		25**		t-set-ellipse ice-area		if blank Service- area-key is used
20-22	· .		30	ITU-admin-	PIC XXX	
23-24			30	Area-desig- nator	PIC XX	
25-27			30	Area type	PIC XXX	Į.
	20		llite lipse	-data-of-		
28-34		25		llite- ngitude	PIC S999.99	degrees east; required field which is also used as the downpath satellit location. Ellips longitude must be within ellipse longitude tolerance of this.
35-38		25+	Poin	ting-error	PIC 9.99	degrees (used onl to find ellipse)
39-42		25+	Rota	tional-error	PIC 9.99	degrees (used onl to find ellipse)
43-47	15 Sate	llite	-lati	tude	PIC S9.99	degrees: = 0. fo geosynchronous orbits

<sup>\*\*</sup>If field is non-blank, the user will obtain the point set and beam (up or down, see note\* above) belonging to the designated service area (Cols. 10-17).

<sup>+</sup>Not related to pointing tolerance and rotational tolerance on cards 1 and 5-3.

SCENARIO SERVICE AREA DOWNPATH CARD 5-2 (Cont.)

DATA BASE AREA: Scenarios (Plans)

FILE NAME: Scenario-plans

RECORD TYPE: CARD-5-2 - SERVICE/DOWNPATH (Continued)

RECORD CHARS.	RECORD DE	SCRIF	PTION	FORMAT	COMMENT		
48-49		15	Channel-family	PIC XX	character key		
50-54		15	Polarization-angle	PIC S99.9	<pre>degrees if linear; if circular: +45= clockwise; -45 = counter-clockwise</pre>		
55-80	10	Fill	ler	PIC X(26)			

DATA BASE AREA: Scenarios (Plans)

FILE NAME: Scenario-plans

RECORD TYPE: CARD-5-3 - SERVICE/DOWNPATH OVERRIDES (for service level data, zero or blank implies use scenario level values. This card must be included even if no overrides are wanted)

RECORD CHARS.	RECO	ORD DES	CRIP	TION		FORMAT	COMMENT
	07	Servi	ce-a	rea-card-3			,
1-8		10	Scen	ario-key		PIC X(8)	Identifier
9		10	Card	type		PIC 9	=5 (Service Area)
		10	Serv	ice-area-key	у		
10-12			15	ITU-admin-a	abbrev	PIC XXX	
13-14			15	Area-design	nator	PIC XX	l
15-17			15	Area-type		PIC XXX	
18		10	Subc	ardtype		PIC 9	=3 (Downpath over rides)
		10	Down	path-data-co	ontinued		
			15	Override-da	ata		
				20 Scenar	rio-overrides		If non-blank or non-zero
19-22				*[25 [	E-ant-pointing- tolerance	PIC .999	fraction of beam- width
23-26				*[25	S-ant-pointing- tolerance	PIC 9.99	degrees

Note: Zero numeric values will not override scenario values; set to minimum possible in field length.

<sup>\*</sup>Used to add pointing errors for gain calculations not related to pointingerror and rotational-error on card 5-2.

SCENARIO SERVICE AREA DOWNPATH OVERRIDES CARD 5-3 (Cont.)

DATA BASE AREA: Scenarios (Plans)

FILE NAME: Scenario-plans

RECORD TYPE: CARD-5-3 - SERVICE/DOWNPATH OVERRIDES (Continued)

RECORD CHARS. RECORD DESCRIPTION	<u>ON</u>		FORMAT	COMMENT
27-30	[25	Delta-G-to-edge ] of beam	PIC 9.99	dB
31-34	25	Chnlztn-scheme- key	PIC XXXX	
35	[25	Rqmts-file- selection- option ]	PIC X	R=Rqmts file P=Points file
36,37,38,39,40	*[25	Points-selection- code] occurs 5	PIC X	(see under Scenario Card-2)
41-45		Not Used	PIC X(5)	
46	[25	Ellipse-file- selection- ] option	PIC X	E=Ellipse file P=Parameter file
47-50	[25	Sat-tr-ant- charac-set-key	PIC XXXX	
51-54	[25+	ESR-rcv-ant- charac-set-key	PIC XXXX	
55	[25	Down-ant-circ-or	PIC X	(C,L) Circular/ linear

Note: Zero numeric values will not override scenario values; set to minimum possible in field length.

<sup>&</sup>quot;+"=can be overridden at the point override level.

<sup>\*</sup>This will be used only for point sets labeled as down, even if they are being used in up processing. If you are using an up point set for downpath processing, the override on Record 5-5 is used, (unless you do not have any down records - then you cannot override record 2)

SCENARIO SERVICE AREA DOWNPATH OVERRIDES CARD 5-3 (Cont.)

DATA BASE AREA: Scenarios (Plans)

FILE NAME: Scenario-plans

RECORD TYPE: CARD-5-3 - SERVICE/DOWNPATH OVERRIDES (Continued)

RECORD CHARS.	RECORE	DE.	SCRIPT	ION			FORMAT	COMMENT
					li za	near-polari- tion-flag ]		
				[25		llite-trans- tter-power		,
56					[30	EIRP-CN-PFD- or-power- flag ]	PIC X	(E,P ) (E = EIRP, P = Power)
57-62					[30	Satellite- EIRP ]	PIC S99.99	dBW, Flag = E
						[ESR-CN ]	PIC S999.9	dB, Flag = C
						or [ESR-PFD ]	PIC S999.9	$dBW/_{M}2$ , Flag = F
•	•					or		
						[Satellite- power ]	PIC 999.9	Watts, Flag = P
63-66					[30	Max-adjust- ment ]	PIC 99.9	dB (not used in SOUP)
67-68			15	Number-of rides	-ESR-	point-over-	PIC 99	
69-80	1	10	Fille	r			PIC X(12)	,

Note: Zero numeric values will not override scenario values; set to minimum possible in field length

+ This should only be used when the service area power flag (or scenario level flag if, not overridden at service area level) is 'E' or 'P' otherwise a logical inconsistency will result, giving invalid power levels.

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DATA BASE AREA: Scenarios (Plans)

FILE NAME: Scenario-plans

RECORD TYPE: CARD-5-4 - SERVICE/FEEDERLINK (Identical in format for card 5-2)

RECORD CHARS.	RECO	ORD DE	ESCRIF	TION			FORMAT	COMMENT
	07	Serv	/ice-a	rea-c	ard-4			
1-8		10	Scer	nario-	-ke y		PIC X(8)	Identifier
9		10	Card	itype			PIC 9	=5 (Service Area)
		10	Serv	/ice-a	ırea-k	ke <b>y</b>		
10-12			15	ITU-	-admir	n-abbrev	PIC XXX	
13-14			15	Area	a-de s	ignator	PIC XX	
15-17			15	Area	a-type	2	PIC XXX	
18		10	Subo	cardty	/pe		PIC 9	=4 (Feederlink)
		10	Feed	derlin	ık-da	ta		
			15	Elli	ipse			pointer to ellipse in parameter or ellipse file
				20	Poi	nt-set-key		pointer to point set in parameter or requirements file
19				•	25	Up-down-flag*	PIC X	U=up ellipse and FLT pt-set D=down ellipse and ESR pt-set G=down ellipse and FLT pt-set H=up ellipse and ESR pt-set

<sup>\*</sup>This field determines whether the up or down point set and ellipse will be used. The ellipse and point set names are designated in columns 20-27 below.

SCENARIO SERVICE AREA FEEDERLINK CARD 5-4 (Cont.)

DATA BASE AREA: Scenarios (Plans)

FILE NAME: Scenario-plans

RECORD TYPE: CARD-5-4 - SERVICE/FEEDERLINK (Continued)

DECODD			•		
RECORD CHARS.	RECORD DESCRIPTION			FORMAT	COMMENT
		·			if blank, U is assumed
	25		t-ellipse-** vice-area		if blank, Service area-key is used
20-22	•	30	ITU-admin- abbrev	PIC XXX	
23-24		30	Area-desig- nator	PIC XX	
25-27		30	Area type	PIC XXX	
	20	Satellite ellipse	e-data-of- e		along with point- set-and-beam
28-34			ellite- ongitude	PIC S999.99	degrees east; required field which is also used as the feede link satellite location. Ellips longitude must be within Ellipse-logitude tollerance of this.
35-38		25 +Poi	nting-error	PIC 9.99	degrees (used to find ellipse)
39-42		25 +Rot	ational-error	PIC 9.99	degrees (used to find ellipse)

<sup>+</sup>Not related to pointing tolerance and rotational tolerance on card 1 and 5-5.

<sup>\*\*</sup>If field is non-blank, the user will obtain the point set and beam (up or down, see note \* above) belonging to the designated service area.

SCENARIO SERVICE AREA FEEDERLINK CARD 5-4 (Cont.)

DATA BASE AREA: Scenarios (Plans)

FILE NAME: Scenario-plans

RECORD TYPE: CARD-5-4 - SERVICE/FEEDERLINK (Continued)

RECORD CHARS.	RECORD DE	SCRIF	PTION	FORMAT	COMMENT	
43-47		15	Satellite-latitude	PIC S9.99	degrees: = for geosyn- chrouns orbits	
48-49		15	Channel-family	PIC XX	character key	
50-54		15	Polarization-angle	PIC S99.9	degrees if linear; if circular, +45=  clockwise, -45=  counter-clockwise	
55-80	. 10	Fill	ler	PIC X(26)		

DATA BASE AREA: Scenarios (Plans)

FILE NAME: Scenario-plans

RECORD TYPE: CARD-5-5 - SERVICE/FEEDERLINK OVERRIDES (Identical in format to card 5-3 - This card must be included even if no overrides are wanted)

RECORD CHARS.	RECO	RD DE	SCRIP	TION		FORMAT	COMMENT
	07	Serv	∕ice-a	rea-card	<b>-</b> 5		
1-8		10	Scen	ario-key		PIC X(8)	Identifier
9		10	Card	ltype		PIC 9	=5 (Service Area)
		10	Serv	ice-area	-ke y		
10-12			15	ITU-adm	in-abbrev	PIC XXX	
13-14			15	Area-de	signator	PIC XX	
15-17			15	Area-ty	ре	PIC XXX	
18		10	Subc	ardtype		PIC 9	=5 (Feederlink overrides)
		10	Feed	lerlink-d	ata-continued		
			15	0verrid	e-data		
				20 Sc	enario-overrides		
19 <b>-</b> 22				*[2	5 E-ant-pointing- tolerance	PIC 9.99	fraction of beam- width
23-26				*[2		PIC 9.99	degrees
27-30				[2	5 Delta-G-to-edge of beam	PIC 9.99	dB

Note: Zero numeric values will not override scenario values; set to minimum possible in field length.

<sup>\*</sup>Related to pointing error and rotational error on card 5-4.

SCENARIO SERVICE AREA FEEDERLINK OVERRIDES CARD 5-5 (Cont.)

DATA BASE AREA: Scenarios (Plans)

FILE NAME: Scenario-plans

RECORD TYPE: CARD-5-5 - SERVICE/FEEDERLINK OVERRIDES (Continued)

RECORD CHARS.	RECORD DESCRIPTION			FORMAT	COMMENT
31-34		[25	Chnlztn-scheme- key	PIC XXXX	
35		[25	Rqmts-file-selec- tion-option ]	PIC X	R=Rqmts file P=Points file
36,37,38		*[25	Points-selection- code] occurs 3	PIC X	(see under Scenario Card-2)
39-40		25	Filler	PIC XX	
41-45		25	Not Used	PIC X(5)	
46		[25	Ellipse-file- selection- option ]	PIC X	E=Ellipse file P=Parameter file
47-50		[25+	FLT-tr-ant- charac-set-key	PIC XXXX	
51-54		[25	Sat-rcv-ant- charac-set-key]	PIC XXXX	
55		[25	Up-ant-circ-or- linear-polari- zation flag ]	PIC X	(C,L) (Circular/ linear)
		25+	Feederlink-trans- mitter-power		

Note: Zero numeric values will not override scenario values; set to minimum possible in field length

<sup>&</sup>quot;+" = Can be overridden at the point override level.

<sup>\*</sup> This will be used only for point sets labeled as up, even if they are being used in down processing. If you are using a down point set for up processing, the override on record 5-3 is used (unless do not have any down records - in this case you cannot override record 2).

SCENARIO SERVICE AREA FEEDERLINK OVERRIDES CARD 5-5 (Cont.)

DATA BASE AREA: Scenarios (Plans)

FILE NAME: Scenario-plans

RECORD TYPE: CARD-5-5 - SERVICE/FEEDERLINK OVERRIDES (Continued)

RECORD CHARS.	RECO	RD DE	SCRIP	TION			FORMAT	COMMENT
56					[30	EIRP-CN- PFD-or- power- flag ]	PIC X	(E,C,F,P) (E = EIRP, C = C/N, F = PFD, P = Power)
57-62					[30	FLT-EIRP	PIC S99.99	dBW, Flag = E
				•		or ESR-CN	PIC S999.9	dB, Flag = C
	•					or ESR-PFD	PIC S999.9	$dBW/M^2$ , Flag = F
						or FLT- power ]	PIC 999.9	Watts, Flag = P
63-66					[30	Max-adjust- ment ]	PIC 99.9	dB (not used in SOUP)
67-68			15	Number-of rides	-FLT-	point-over-	PIC 99	
69-80		10	Fille	er	•		PIC X(12)	

Note: Zero numeric values will not override scenario values; set to minimum possible in field length

DATA BASE AREA: Scenarios (Plans)

FILE NAME: Scenario-plans

RECORD TYPE: CARD-5-6 - SCENARIO/ESR-PT-OVERRIDE (This record needed only if columns 67-68 of card 5-3 has non-zero value)

RECORD CHARS.	RECOR	D DESCRI	PTION		FORMAT	<u>COMMENT</u>
	07	Service-	 Area-0	Card-6	<del></del>	
				s-override-data-card		(as many as needed)
1-8		15	Scer	ario-key	PIC X(8)	Identifier
9		15	Card	itype	PIC 9 .	=5 (Service Area)
		15	Serv	vice-area-key		
10-12			20	ITU-admin-abbrev	PIC XXX	
13-14			20	Area-designator	PIC XX	
15-17			20	Area-type	PIC XXX	
18		15	Subo	cardtype	PIC 9	=6 (ESR pt. over- rides)
19-20		15	Fill	er	PIC XX	•
		15	ESR-	-point-data-overrides	occur 6 times	
21-24,31-	-34,	,71-74	20	Point-number	PIC 9999	
25-28,35-38,,75-78			[20	Antenna-charac-set- key	PIC XXXX	Override for service area ESR antenna
29,39,	<b>.,</b> 79		[20	Rain-zone	] PIC X	override for point file data
30,40,,80			20	Filler	PIC X	

override

DATA BASE AREA: Scenarios (Plans)

FILE NAME: Scenario-plans

RECORD TYPE: CARD-5-7 - SCENARIO/FLT-PT-OVERRIDE (This card needed only if columns

67-68 of card 5-5 has non-zero value)

							•	
RECORD CHARS.	RECO	RD DES	CRIP	TION			FORMAT	COMMENT
	07	Servi	ce-A	rea-Ca	ard-7			
		10	FLT-  *(1	point: repeat	s-override-data-card ting group)			(as many as neede
1-8			15	Scena	ario-key		PIC X(8)	Identifier
9			15	Card	type		PIC 9	=5 (Service Area)
			15	Serv	ice-area-key	•	•	
10-12				20	ITU-admin-abbrev		PIC XXX	
13-14				20	Area-designator		PIC XX	1
15-17				20	Area-type		PIC XXX	
18			15	Subc	ardtype		PIC 9	=7 (FLT pt. over- rides)
19-20			15	Fille	er		PIC XX	:
			15	FLT-	point-data-overrides	οс	curs 3 times	•
21-24,41-	44,61	-64		20	Point-number		PIC 9999	
25-28,45-	48,65	-68		[20	Antenna-charac-set- key	]	PIC XXXX	Override for ser- vice area FLT antenna
29,49,69				[20	Rain-zone	]	PIC X	Point override fo for point file data
				20	FLT-EIRP-CN-or-powe	r		Feederlink data

SCENARIO SERVICE AREA FLT-PT-OVERRIDE CARD 5-7 (Cont.)

DATA BASE AREA: Scenarios (Plans)

FILE NAME: Scenario-plans

RECORD TYPE: CARD-5-7 - SCENARIO/FLT-PT-OVERRIDE (Continued)

RECORD CHARS.	RECORD DESCRIP	TION				FORMAT	COMMENT
30,50,70			+[25	EIRP-CN-PFD-or power-flag	-]	PIC X	(E,P) (E = EIRP P = Power)
31-36,51-	56,71-76		[25	FLT-EIRP or		PIC \$99.99	dBW, Flag = E
				FLT-power	]	PIC 999.9	Watts, Flag = P
37-40,57-	60,77-80	20	Fill	er		PIC X(4)	

<sup>+</sup> This should only be used when the downpath service area power flag (or scenario level flag if, not overridden at service area level) is 'E' or 'P' otherwise a logical inconsistency will result, giving invalid power levels.

## 3.3.2 DATA.PARAMS - UNIT IUPARM

DATA.PARAMS contains all of the files from the R2BCSAT-83 data base used by the programs except the Scenario-plan file and the IFRB files. The files are the following, in the order that they must appear in DATA.PARAMS:

DATA BASE AREA	FILE NAME
Parameters	RARC parameters
Parameters	Channelizations
Parameters	Protection Ratio Sets
Parameters	Point Sets (Alternate for
	IFRB Requirements
Results	Ellipses (Alternate for
	IFRB Ellipse File)
Parameters	Antenna Characteristics
Parameters	Gain Tables

Each of the above files must be sorted in ascending, alphanumeric order according to the collating sequence of the computer system on which the programs are run\*. (An installation-dependent subroutine, IC, may need to be rewritten to permit valid comparisons of alphanumeric data on some computers.) In addition each file must have as its last entry a Data-type Termination Record. The format of the record is:

Record									
Characters	<u>Description</u>								
	01	Data	a-type-Termination-card						
1-4		05	Termination-characters	PIC XXXX	= "****"				
5-80		05	Filler	PIC X(76)					

The layout of each of the files included in DATA.PARAMS is provided on the following pages, including allowable codes and units (e.g., dB). Inputs forms for each of these files are provided in Appendix A.

<sup>\*</sup>The Point Set section is an exception to this. See footnote on page 3-63 for sorting instruction.

FILE NAME: RARC-parameters

RECORD TYPE: RARC-PARAMETER-SET

RECORD CHARS.	RECO	RD DE	SCRIP <sup>-</sup>	TION			FORMAT	COMMENT
	01	RARC	-paran	neter-	-set			Basic Planning Facts
		03	Card-	- 1				
1-4			05	RARC-	-paran	eters-set-key	PIC XXXX	ID (for selection)
5			05	Cardt	type		PIC 9	=1
6			05	Curre	ent-of	ficial-flag	PIC X	(Y,N) (yes/no)
			05	Anter	nna-ar	nd-beam-paramet	ers	
7-11				10	⊦Min-S	S-ant-beamwidth	PIC 99.99	degrees:
12-15				10	Max-S	-ant-axial-rat	io PIC 9.99	Not used in SOUP
16-19				10	Min-F	L-ant-diameter	PIC 9.99	meters; for gain-type 4 calculations only must be greater than.
				10+	To ler	ances		for worst case calculations
20-23					15	E-ant-pointing tolerance	- PIC .999	fraction of beamwidth
24-27					15	S-ant-pointing tolerance	- PIC 9.99	degrees
28-31					15	E-ant-rotation tolerance	al- PIC 9.99	degrees (not used in SOUP)

All variables marked with a "+" can be overridden by the scenario data.

\*These parameters are meant to be used by the ellipse generation program.

\*For satellite transmit antennas. Satellite receive antennas use this mumber multiplied by (12.5/17.5)

FILE NAME: RARC-parameters

RECORD TYPE: RARC-PARAMETER-SET (Continued)

RECORD CHARS.	RECORD DE	SCRIP	TION			FORMAT	COMMENT
32-35				15	S-ant-rotational- tolerance	PIC 9.99	degrees (not u in SOU
36-39			10+	De 1 t be an	a-G-to-edge-of-	PIC 9.99	dB
40-80		05	Comme	ent		PIC X(41)	ID (for title)
	03	Card	<b>-</b> 2				
1-4		05	RARC	-para	umeters-set-key	PIC XXXX	Identifier
5		05	Card	type		PIC 9	=2
	٠	05	Chan	ne li z	ation-parameters+		(guard bands)
6-11			10		ith-lower-bandedge- req	PIC 99.999	GHz
12-17			10		ath-upper-bandedge- req	PIC 99.999	GHz
18-22			10		ath-lower-guardband- dth	PIC 99.99	MHz
23-27			10	Uppa wi	ath-upper-guardband- dth	PIC 99.99	MHz
28-33	•		10		npath-lower-bandedge- eq	PIC 99.999	GHz
34-39			10		npath-upper-bandedge- eq	PIC 99.999	GHz
40-44			10		npath-lower-guard- and-width	PIC 99.99	MHz

<sup>+</sup>See Appendix G.

FILE NAME: RARC-parameters

RECORD TYPE: RARC-PARAMETER-SET (Continued)

RECORD CHARS.	RECORD DE	SCRIP	TION		FORMAT	COMMENT
45-49			10	Downpath-upper-guard- band-width	PIC 99.99	MHz
50-53			10	Bandwidth-coefficient (not used)	PIC 9.99	Not used in SOUP
54-80		05	Fill	er	PIC X(27)	
·	03	Card	l <b>-</b> 3			
1-4		05	RARC	-parameters-set-key	PIC XXXX	Identifier
5		05	Card	ltype	PIC 9	=3
	•	05	Rain	n-attenuation-parameters		
6-9			10	Max-allowed-rain- margin-downpath	PIC 99.9	dB; for power calculations only
10-17			10+	Percent-of-worst-month	PIC F(8)	Limits .054 to 2.93
		05	Prot	tection-ratio-data		
			10+	Protection-ratio-set-ke	ys	pointer to pro- tection Ratio templates
18-21				15 Downpath-protec- tion-ratio- set-key	PIC XXXX	
22-25				<pre>15 Feederlink-protec- tion-ratio-set- key</pre>	PIC XXXX	

All data marked with a "+" can be overridden by the scenario data

PARAMETERS RARC CARD 3 (Cont.)

DATA BASE AREA: Technical Parameters

FILE NAME: RARC-parameters

RECORD TYPE: RARC-PARAMETER-SET (Continued)

RECORD CHARS.	RECORD	DESCRIP	TION			FORMAT	COMMENT
26-29			1	15	Total-protection- ratio-set-key	PIC XXXX	
			10+ (		hannel-protection- utios		(PR <sub>O</sub> 's)
30-33			1	15	Downpath-PR-zero	PIC 99.9	dB
34-37			1	15	Feederlink-PR- zero	PIC 99.9	dB
38-41			. 1	15	Total-PR-zero	PIC 99.9	dB
42-45		05	FLT-no	o i se	-contribution	PIC 9.99	dB (not used)
46-51		05	0vera	11-0	N ·	PIC S999	.9 dB (not used)
52,53,	,78	05			parameter-flag 27 times	PIC X	(Y,N) (not used)
79-80		05	Filler	•		PIC XX	

FILE NAME: Channelizations

RECORD TYPE: CHANNELIZATION

RECORD CHARS.	REC	ORD DE	SCRIP	TION	FORMAT	COMMENT	
	01	Char	nne liz	ation+			
		03	Card	1-1			
1-4			05	Channelization-key	PIC XXXX	ID (for selection)	
5			05	Cardtype	PIC 9	= 1	
6			05	Uppath-or-downpath-flag	PIC X	(U,D)	
7-13			05	Lowest-center-frequency	PIC 999.999	GHz	
14-15			05	No-of-channels	PIC 99	(e.g., 36)	
16-20			05	Channel-bandwidth	PIC 99.99	MHz (for nominal frequency and guard band calculations)	
21-25			05	Channel-separation	PIC 99.99	MHz (for nominal frequency and guard band calculations)	
26-30			05	Channel-noise-bandwidth	PIC 99.99	MHz (for C/N calculation) Must be greater than	
31-35			05*	Top-baseband-frequency	PIC 99.99	MHz Must be greater than O.	
36-40			05*	Peak-to-peak-deviation	PIC 99.99	MHz Must be greater than O.	
41			05	Official-flag	PIC X	(Y,N) (yes/no)	

<sup>\*</sup>Used to calculate the Carson's Rule bandwidth which is used for protection ratio calculation. (See Appendix F).

<sup>+</sup>See Appendix G for a graphic illustration of channelization.

## PARAMETERS CHANNELIZATION

DATA BASE AREA: Technical Parameters

FILE NAME: Channelizations

RECORD TYPE: CHANNELIZATION (Continued)

RECORD CHARS.	RECORD DESCRIP	TION	FORMAT	COMMENT
42-43	05	Number-of-channel-families	PIC 99	which follow
44-80	05	Comment	PIC X(37)	ID (for title)

FILE NAME: Channelizations

. RECORD TYPE: CHANNEL FAMILY

RECORD CHARS.	RECORD DESCRI	PTION			FORMAT	COMMENT
	05	Chan	ne I-f	amily *(repeating-	-group)+	
		07	Chan	nel-family-card-l	•	
1-4			10	Channelization- key	PIC XXXX	Identifier
5			10	Cardtype	PIC 9	=2
6-7			10	Channel-family- key	PIC XX	(e.g., 'AA' or '01')
8			10	Cardno-in- channel-family	PIC 9	=1
9-10			10	No-of-channels- in-family	PIC 99	(e.g., 4)
11-12,13	-14,,79-80		10	Channel occurs 35 times	PIC 99	e.g., (01050913)
		07		nel-family-followi ly if more than 35		
1-4			10	Channelization- key	PIC XXXX	·
5			10	Cardtype	PIC 9	=2
6-7			10	Channel-family- key	PIC XX	
8			10	Cardno-in- channel-family	PIC 9	=2,,n
9-10			10	Filler	PIC XX	
11-12,13	-14,,79-80		10	Channel occurs 35 times	PIC 99	

<sup>+</sup>Appendix G for further explanation of channelization. 3-61

FILE NAME: Protection-ratio-template

RECORD TYPE: PROTECTION-RATIO-TEMPLATE

Per Doc. A/88-E

RECORD CHARS.	RECO	RD DE	SCRIP	TION		FORMAT	COMMENT	
	01	Prot	ectio	n-rat	io-template			
·		03	Firs	t-car	d-for-template		•	
1-4			05	Prote	ection-ratio-key	PIC XXXX	ID (for selection	
5			05	Card	-number	PIC 9	=1	
6-7			05	Numbe	er-of-segments	PIC 99	(e.g., 3)	
8			05	Fill	er	PIC X		
			05	Segme	ent occurs 2 times			
9-16,41-4	18			10	Upper-limit-frequency- difference	PIC F(8)	limit of normaliz frequency differ ence for use of this segment	
17-24,49-	-56			10	Segment-value-at- offset	PIC F(8)	dB see below	
25-32,57-	-64			10	Slope	PIC F(8)	dB	
33-40,65	-72			10	Offset*	PIC F(8)		

Where protection ratio is computed as a function of normalized frequency difference (FD) using the formula Segment-value-at-offset + Slope \* (FD-Offset). Normalized frequency is frequency divided by Carson's rule bandwidth (Carson's rule bandwidth = Peak-to-peak deviation + 2 times Top-baseband-frequency).

	03	Foll	owing-card-for-same-template	<b>:</b>	(if more than 2 segments)
1-4		05	Protection-ratio-key	PIC XXXX	Identifier

<sup>\*</sup>The offset is a point on the segment (arbitrarily selected) whose value (segment-value-at-offset) is easy to find.

FILE NAME: Protection-ratio-template

RECORD TYPE: PROTECTION-RATIO-TEMPLATE (Continued)

Per Doc. A/88-E

RECORD CHARS. RECORD DI	SCRIE	PTION	FORMAT	COMMENT
5	05	Card-number-in-template	PIC 9	=2,,as many as needed
5-8 05		Filler	PIC XXX	
	05	Segment occurs 2 times		
9-16,41-48		10 Upper limit	PIC F(8)	(leave blank for last segment)
17-24,49-56		<pre>10 Segment-value-at-      offset</pre>	PIC F(8)	dB
25-32,57-64		10 Slope	PIC F(8)	dB
33-40,65-72		10 Offset*	PIC F(8)	

<sup>\*</sup>See note on previous page.

FILE NAME: Point sets (Alternate for Requirements File)

RECORD TYPE: POINT-SET

RECORD CHARS.	REC	ORD DE	ESCRIF	PTION	FORMAT	COMMENT
	01	Poir	nt-set	:		
·		03	Card	i-1		
1-4			05	Point-set-key (not used)	PIC XXXX	First four char- acters of service area key
5			05	Cardtype	PIC 9	=1
			05	Service-area-key		
6-8				10 ITU-adm-abbrev	PIC XXX	e.g., USA
9-10				10 Area-designator	PIC XX	e.g., EA for eastern
11-13				10 Area-type	PIC XXX	e.g., STZ for standard time zone
14			05	Up-or-down-flag	PIC X	U (up) means FLT D (down) means ESR
15			05	Official-set-flag	PIC X	(Y,N) (yes/no)
16			05	Default-rain-zone	PIC X	<pre>if not specified for a point (A,B,C,D,E,F,G,H K,L,M,N,P)</pre>
17-18			05	Number-of-points	PIC 99	•
19-80			05	Comment	PIC X(62)	ID (for title)

Note: The point set section of technical parameters must be sorted by appending Up-or-down-flag followed by the service-area-key to beginning of each record, sorting on these 9 bytes plus card type (col 5) and 1st point number (col 6-9), and then deleting the appended nine characters.

<sup>\*</sup>Point data may also be obtained from the requirement file which is maintained by the IFRB. (See below)

FILE NAME: Point sets

RECORD TYPE: POINT-SET POINTS

RECORD CHARS. RECORD DE	SCRIP	TION			FORMAT	COMMENT
05	Card	-2 *	(repe	eating group)		points card
1-4	10	Poir	it-set	t-key	PIC XXXX	Identifier
5	10	Card	ltype		PIC 9	=2 (points card)
	10	Poir	it occ	curs 3 times		
6-9,31-34,56-59		15	Poir	nt-number	PIC 9999	
		15	Poi	nt-location-data		
10,35,60			20	Point-type	PIC X	<pre>if FLT: P=poly- gon, F=fixed, M=Mobile. If T=Test I=interior ESR: T=test I=interior P=polygon, E=exterior, I=interior, B=boundary.</pre>
11-16,36-41,61-66			20	Point-latitude	PIC S99.99	degrees north
17-23,42-48,67-73			20	Point-longitude	PIC \$999.99	degrees east
24-28,49-53,74-78	-	15	Poi	nt-elevation	PIC S9999	meters above sea level
29,54,79		15	Poi	nt-rain-zone	PIC X	(A,B,C,D,E,F,G,H,J, K,L,M,N,P)
30,55,80		15	Fil	ler	PIC X	

Note: See sorting instructions on previous page.

DATA BASE AREA: Results

FILE NAME: \*Ellipse (Alternate for IFRB Ellipse File)

RECORD TYPE: ELLIPSE

RECORD CHARS.	RECO	ORD DE	SCRIP	TION		FORMAT	COMMENT
	01	Elli	ipse				Generic ellipse for beam
		05	Elli	ipse-l	<b>key</b>		1
1			10	Up-c	down flag	PIC X	(U, D)
			10	E11	ipse service area		{
2-4				15	ITU-admin-abbrev	PIC XXX	1
5-6				15	Area-designator	PIC XXX	İ
7-9				15	Area-type	PIC XX	. 1
			10	Sate	ellite-data		•
10-15				15	Satellite-longitude	PIC S999.9	degrees east
16-19				15	Pointing-error	PIC 9.99	degree
20-23				15	Rotational-error	PIC 9.99	degrees
		05	E11i	ipse-	parameters		
24-29			10	Aim	point-latitude	PIC \$99.99	degrees (on Earth
30-36			10	Aim	point-longitude	PIC S999.99	degrees (on Earth
							•

No te:	The Ellipse	File must be	sorted in the following order:
	Key	Co 1s	Field-Type
	1	1-9	Character
	2	16-19	Real
	3	20-23	Real
	4	10-15	Real

<sup>\*</sup>Ellipse data may also be obtained from the Ellipse file maintained by the IFRB documented below.

## PARAMETERS BEAM

DATA BASE AREA: Results

FILE NAME: Ellipse

RECORD TYPE: ELLIPSE (Continued)

RECORD CHARS.	RECORD DE	SCRIP	TION		FORMAT	COMMENT
		10	0rie	ntation-angle-of-major-	-axis	(only flag if beam is circular)
37			15	Orient-or-ref-flag	PIC X	<pre>(0,R;C= circular) (0 = orientation           angle R = Reference           Point*, C = Circular)</pre>
38-44			15	Orientation-angle or	PIC S999.99	degrees
				Ref-point-latitude*	PIC S99.99	degrees north
45-51			15	Ref-point-longitude*	PIC \$999.99	degrees east
52-56		10	Majo	r-axis	PIC 99.99	degrees
57-61		10	Mino	r-axis	PIC 99.99	degrees
62	05	Offi	cial-	flag	PIC X	<pre>(Y,N); Yes only if all inputs are official</pre>
63-80	05	Comm	ent	•	PIC X(18)	ID (for title)

<sup>\*</sup>The reference point is the latitude and longitude of the projection of any point of the ellipse major axis (except the aimpoint) on the Earth's surface.

## PARAMETERS ANTENNA-CHARACTERISTICS

DATA BASE AREA: Technical Parameters

FILE NAME: Antenna-characteristics

RECORD TYPE: ANTENNA-CHARACTERISTIC-SET

RECORD CHARS.	REC	ORD DE	SCRIP	PTION	FORMAT	COMMENT		
	01	Ante	enna-c	haracteristics-set				
1-4		05	Ante	nna-charac-set-key	PIC XXXX	ID (for selection		
5		05	Eart	h-or-space-flag	PIC X	(E,S) (Earth/Spac		
6		05	Tr-o	or-Rc-flag	PIC X	(T,R) (Transmit/- Receive)		
		05	E-ar	nt-diam-or-coverage-angle-dat	a (earth anter	nnas only)		
7			10	Diameter-or-coverage- angle-flag	PIC X	(D,C) Diameter/ Coverage angle		
8-12		•	10	Diameter or Coverage-angle	PIC 99.99 PIC 99.99	meters degrees		
13-16		05	Aper	ture-efficiency	PIC 9.99	EAP		
		05	Meri	t-or-noise-data (receiving a	antennas only)			
17			10	Merit-or-noise-flag	PIC X	(M,N) (Merit/Nois		
18-23			10	Figure-of-merit or Receiver-noise-temperature	PIC S99.99 PIC 9999.	·dB/K K		
24-27		05	Gair	n-table-copolarized-key	PIC XXXX	Key of co-pol pattern		
28-31		05	Gair	n-table-xpolarized-key	PIC XXXX	Key of x-pol pattern		
32		05	0ffi	icial-flag	PIC X	(Y,N) (yes/no)		
33-80		05	Com	nent	PIC X(48)	ID (for title)		

FILE NAME: Gain-pattern-tables

RECORD TYPE: Gain-pattern-tables (Used to compute off-axis gains of antennas)

RECORD CHARS.	REC	ORD DESCRIP	TION	FORMAT	COMMENT
	01	Gain-patt	ern-table		
1-4		05	Gain-table-key	PIC XXXX	ID (for selection)
5		05	Cardtype	PIC 9	=1
6-7		05	*Gain-pattern-type	PIC 99	see codes for current types at end of this subsection
8-9		[05	Gain-calculation-option-] flag	PIC 99	for future use not used now
10-12		05	+Number-of-cards-for-table	PIC 999	including this car
13-80		05	Table-description	PIC X(68)	ID (for title)

```
*SOUP5 now supports 5 types
```

Type 1 - segmented function

Type 2 - segmented function (older version, obsolete - do not use). Type 3 - 1982 satellite fast-rolloff (obsolete - do not use)

Type 4 - CPM Feederlink transmit

Type 5 - 1983 - RARC Satellite fast rolloff

Types 1 & 2 use segmented function table (see page 3-70), 3, 4, & 5 use arbitrary gain function table (page 3-74)

\*For segmented-function-table (Types I & 2) Number-of-segments + 1

For Type 3, 3 For Type 4 & 5, 2

as many as need for coefficient

DATA BASE AREA: Technical Parameters

FILE NAME: Gain-pattern-tables

RECORD TYPE: Segmented-function-table (for off-axis gain as a segmented function of off-axis angle and beamwidth)

RECORD CHARS.	RECO	ORD DE	SCRIP	TION	FORMAT	COMMENT
	05		<del></del>	-function-table		
		10	Se gm	ent * (repeating group)		
1-4			15	Gain-table-key	PIC XXXX	
5			15	Cardtype	PIC 9	=2
6			15	Segment-sequence	PIC X	=A,B,
7			15	Card-sequence-in-segment- code	PIC X	=A
8-15			15	Upper-segment-limit	PIC F(8)	degrees or angl ratio; (dependi on column 18 below)
16-17			15	Segment-equation-type	PIC 99	see end of subsection
18			15	Segment-limit-equation- type-flag	PIC X	P = phi (off-a) angle) Z = Phi/phi-zer (phi-zero is be width corrected ellipse orienta tion)
19-20	,		15	Number-of-coefficients	PIC 99	
21-30,31-			15	Coefficient-for-equation occurs 6 times	PIC F(10)	units will vary depending on ed tion type

(RG)

Following-card-for-samesegment\*

15

PARAMETERS
GAIN-PATTERN
SEGMENTED FUNCTION
TABLE (Continued)

DATA BASE AREA: Technical Parameters

FILE NAME: Gain-pattern-tables

RECORD TYPE: Segmented-function-table (Continued)

RECORD CHARS.	RECORD DESCRIPT	ION		FORMAT	COMMENT
1-4		20	Gain-table-key	PIC XXXX	
5		20	Cardtype	PIC 9	=2
6		20	Segment-sequence-code	PIC X	=A,B,
7		20	Card-sequence-in- segment-code	PIC X	=B,C,
8-20		20	Filler	PIC X(13)	
21-30,31-	40,71-80	20	Coefficient-for- equation occurs 6 time	PIC F(10) s	units will vary C <sub>1</sub> , C <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub>

FILE NAME: Gain-pattern-tables

RECORD TYPE: COORDINATE-TABLE

RECORD CHARS.	RECO	RD DE	SCRIP	TION			FORMAT	COMMENT
	05			e-tab t imp		defines Segmented- ted)	function-table	2
		07	Seco	nd-ca	rd-fo	r-table		
1-4			10	Gain	-tabl	e-key	PIC XXXX	
5			10	Card	type		PIC 9	=2
6-7			10	Numb	er-of	-fixed-parameters	PIC 99	
8-10			10	Numb	er-of	-coordinate-sets	PIC 999	
11-16			10	Fill	er		PIC X(6)	
17-24,25-32 10 F ,73-80			Fixe	d-par	ameter occurs 8	PIC F(8)	units will var	
		07	Coor	dinat	es-ca	rd *(repeating gro	oup)	
1-4			10	Gain	-tabl	e-key	PIC XXXX	
5			10	Card	type		PIC 9	=4
6 <b>-</b> 8			10	Card	-numb	er	PIC 999	=1,,number ecards for this table
			10	Coor	dinat	e-data occurs 3 ti	me s	
				15	Eart	h-coordinates-gair	1	
9-14,33	-38,57	-62	•		20	Earth-longitude	PIC S99.99	degrees
15-21,39	<b>-</b> 45,63	-69			20	Earth-latitude	PIC S999.99	degrees
22-27,46	-51,70	-75			20	Gain	PIC \$99.99	dB
28-32,52	-56,76	-80			20	Filler	PIC X(5)	

PARAMETERS
GAIN-PATTERN
COORDINATE TABLE
(Continued)

DATA BASE AREA: Technical Parameters

FILE NAME: Gain-pattern-tables

RECORD TYPE: Coordinate-Table (Continued)

RECORD CHARS. RECORD DESCRIPTION					FORMAT	COMMENT
		15	Sate	llite-coordinates-gain	redefines Earth-	coordinates-gain
9-14,33-	38,57-62		20	Off-axis-angle	PIC \$99.99	degrees
15-21,39-	45,63-79		20	Orientation-angle	PIC S999.99	degrees
22-27,46-	51,70-75		20	Gain	PIC S99.99	dB
28-32.52-	56.76-80	15	Fill	er	PIC X(5)	

FILE NAME: Gain-pattern-tables

RECORD TYPE: Arbitrary-gain-functions-table (for off-axis gain as a function of various parameters) Currently used for pattern types 4 and 5.

RECORD CHARS.	RECORD DESCRIPTION FORMAT					COMMENT	
	05	Arbitrary-gain-functions-table redefines Segmented-function-table					
		07	Second-card-for-table				
1-4			10	Gain-table-key	PIC XXXX	ĺ	
5			10	Cardtype	PIC 9	=2	
6-7		1	10	Card-number-for-table	PIC 99	=1	
8-10			10	Number-of-parameters	PIC 999	1	
11-20,21			10	Parameter occurs 7 times	PIC F(10)	units will vary	
	07 Following-card-for-table * (re		eating group)	if more than 7 parameters are needed			
1-4			10	Gain-table-key	PIC XXXX	1	
5			10	Cardtype	PIC 9	=3	
6-7			10	Card-number-for-table	PIC 99	=2,,n	
8-10			10	Filler	PIC XXX		
11-20,21 ,71-8			10	Parameter occurs 7 times	PIC F(10)	units will vary C <sub>8</sub> , C <sub>9</sub> C <sub>14</sub> ; C <sub>15</sub> C <sub>21</sub> etc	

FILE NAME: Gain-pattern-tables

RECORD TYPE: Parameterized-grid-gain-table

RECORD CHARS.	RECO	RD DE	SCRIP	TION	FORMAT	COMMENT		
	05	Parameterized-grid-gains-table redefines Segmented-function-table (not yet implemented)						
		07 Second-card-for-table						
1-4			10	Gain-table-key	PIC XXXX			
5			10	Cardtype	PIC 9	=2		
6-7			. 10	Number-of-fixed-parameters	PIC 99			
8-10			10	Number-of-repeating- parameters	PIC 999			
11-20,21-			10	Fixed-parameters occurs 7	PIC F(10)	units will vary;		
	07 Following-fixed-parameter-card * (repeating group)				ıp)			
1-4			10	Gain-table-key	PIC XXXX			
5			10	Cardtype	PIC 9	=3		
6-7			10	Card-number	PIC 99	=2,,n		
8-10			10	Filler	PIC XXX			
11-20,21-			10	Fixed-parameters occurs 7 times	PIC F(10)	units will vary		

DATA BASE AREA: Technical Parameters

FILE NAME: Gain-pattern-tables

RECORD TYPE: Parameterized-grid-gain-table (Continued)

RECORD CHARS.	RECORD DESCRIPTION FORMAT				COMMENT	
	07	Repe	eating-parameter-card * (repe	·		
1-4		10	Gain-table-key	PIC XXXX		
5		10	Cardtype	PIC 9	=4	
6–7		10	Card-number	PIC 99	=1,,n	
8–10		10	Filler	PIC XXX		
11-20,21-3		10	Repeating-parameter occurs 7 times	PIC F(10)	units will vary; often used for gain values	

#### CODE TRANSLATIONS

#### Gain-pattern-type

VALUE	DESCRIPTION	TABLE TYPE USED
01	Segmented curves based on $\phi/\phi_0$ or $0_0$	Segmented-function table
03	No longer used, superceeded by type 5	Arbitrary-gain- function-table
04	CCIR 1982 Feederlink transmit antenna	Arbitrary - gain- function-table
05	RARC 83 fast rolloff satellite antenna	Arbitrary-gain function-table

#### GAIN PATTERN DISCUSSION

Type 1 - Segmented gain pattern

Type 2 - A special case of type 1 (not supported now)

Type 3 - 1982 Fast rolloff satellite antenna. Obsolete do not use; use type 5

Type 4 - 1982 CPM Feederlink Transmit Antenna

Type 5 - 1983 RARC Fast rolloff satellite antenna

Type 1 allows the user to define f, fall off in gain (dB), as a composite of any number of segments. The values of  $\phi$  or  $\phi_a$  (defined below) delineating the segment boundaries are read from the gain entry table section of the data base. The value of f in each segment is defined by one of five user designated functions. The segments can be used in any order.

1) 
$$f = C_1$$
 IV-C2

2) 
$$f = C_1 * (\phi_a - C_2)^C 3$$
 IV-C3

3) 
$$f = C_1 + C_2 \log (C_3 * (\phi_a - C_4))$$
 IV-C4

4) 
$$f = C_1 + 10 * \log (G_{oa}) + C_2 \log (\phi) + C_3 \phi^2$$
 IV-C5

5) 
$$F = C_1 + C_2 \phi_a^2 + C_3 \phi_a^4 + \dots + C_n \phi_a^{2n}$$
 IV-C6

where  $\phi$  = off axis angle in degrees

 $\phi_{z}$  = antenna beamwidth (corrected for ellipse orientation if antenna is elliptical)

 $\phi_a = \phi/\phi_z$ 

n (the number of coefficients) and the coefficients  ${\rm C_1}\dots$   ${\rm C_n}$  are taken from the database's gain entry table section.

For each segment, the user specifies the segment limit, whether the limit is on  $\phi$ , or  $\phi_a$ , the segment equation type (1 to 5) and the values of the  $C_n$ 's.

Type 2 - no longer exists

Type 3, generic 1982 fast roll-off (no longer used, use Type 5 instead).

Type 4, the CPM generic 82 Feederlink Transmit antenna it uses a parameter,  $D_{\min}$  (minimum antenna diameter in meters), which is entered on the RARC parameter section of the parameters file. The equation has four segments which are functions of  $\phi$ ,  $\phi_a$  and V

where  $V = D/D_{min}$ 

and D is the antenna diameter in meters.

Type 5, 1983 RARC Satellite Fast Roll-off has segment boundaries which are functions of  $\Delta G$  (the dB gain fall-off at the ellipse boundary — an input parameter) and  $\phi_a,$  which is a function of  $\phi_z.$ 

The equations for Types 3, 4 and 5 are on the following pages.

## Lower limit

G(0) = GOA x F < C9

# Arbitrary-gain-function table for Fast Roll-Off (Pattern Type 3)

= fall-off in dB from on-axis gain;

GOA = on-axis gain (dB)  

$$x = \sqrt{\Delta G_3} (1 - \frac{C_2}{R_0})$$

∆G is the gain fall-off at ellipse edge (dB)  $\Delta G_3 = \text{maximum of } (3, \Delta G) \text{ where}$ 

Equation

Limits

Description

Gaussian

Fast roll-off

 $\sqrt{\frac{\Delta G}{12}} 3 < \frac{B}{B_0} \leqslant \frac{c_2}{B_0} \sqrt{\frac{12}{B_0}} \sqrt{\frac{c_2}{B_0}}  \sqrt{\frac{c_2}{B_0}}  \sqrt{\frac{c_2}{B_0}}  \sqrt{\frac{c$ 

Plateau

 $\frac{c_3}{12} < \frac{B}{B_0} \cdot \times \leqslant \frac{c_2}{B_0} \cdot 10$ ي اور

01 98,

 $f = C_4 + C_5 \log_{10} \left[ \begin{array}{c} B_0 \\ C_2 \end{array} \left( \begin{array}{c} B \\ B_0 \end{array} \right) \right]$ 

Beamlet roll-off

 $\frac{\mathcal{B}}{\mathcal{B}_o} \cdot x \leqslant \frac{c_2}{\mathcal{B}_o} \cdot 10 \left( \frac{(c_4 - c_2)}{c_4} \right)$ C. C. 2 % 10

Plateau

و ≃

 $f = C_7 + C_8 \log_{10} \left( \frac{B_o}{C_2} \left( \frac{B}{B_o} \cdot \mathbf{x} \right) \right)$ 

c, 10 86

Beamlet roll-off

G(0) = C9

 $V = D/D_{min}$ ; where D is antenna diameter in meters

D<sub>min</sub> is minimum antenna diameter (m)

G is absolute gain in dB

Goa is on-axis gain

Equation

Limits

$$G = G_{0A} + C_2 \left(\frac{B}{B_0}\right)^2 + C_3$$

$$0\leqslant \frac{g}{g_o}\leqslant C_1$$

$$C_1 < \frac{g}{D_0} \leqslant C_4 V$$

$$C_{\bullet} \lor < \frac{g}{g_{\bullet}} \leqslant \frac{C_{\bullet}}{g_{\bullet}}$$

 $C_8 + C_9 \log (VB_0) + \frac{C_{10}}{V^2} \left(\frac{g}{g_0}\right)^2$   $C_{11} + C_{12} \log g$ 

|| |9

$$V < \frac{\mathcal{B}}{\mathcal{B}_o} \leqslant \frac{C_1}{\mathcal{B}_o}$$

Note: If (C<sub>s</sub> = .999.) then 2nd equation is used

$$G = C_{13}$$

maximum

 $G = C_s + C_s \log \Omega$ 

The following values of the parameter for gain type 4 will produce the 1982 CPM recommended feederlink transmit antenna pattern.

	CO-POLARIZED	CROSS-POLARIZED
PARAMETER	GAIN PATTERN	GAIN PATTERN
c <sub>1</sub>	.5	.493
C <sub>2</sub>	-12.	0.
$c_3$	0.	-30.
C <sub>A</sub>	.635	0.
C <sub>2</sub> C <sub>3</sub> C <sub>4</sub> C <sub>5</sub> C <sub>6</sub> C <sub>7</sub> C <sub>8</sub> C <sub>9</sub>	36.	0.
C <sub>6</sub>	-20.	0.
C <sub>7</sub>	36.3	8.91
c' <sub>g</sub>	45	-999.
c <sub>o</sub>	-20.	0.
c <sub>10</sub>	-12.6	0.
c <sub>11</sub>	29.	9.0
c <sub>12</sub>	-25.0	-20.
c <sub>13</sub>	-10.	-10.

# Arbitrary-gain-function table for liast Roll-Off (Pattern Type 5)

= fall-off in dB from on-axis gain;

GOA = on-axis gain (dB)

$$x = \sqrt{\frac{\Delta G_3}{12}} \left( 1 - \frac{C_2}{B_0} \right)$$

∆G is the gain fall-off at ellipse edge (dB)  $\Delta G_3 = \text{maximum of } (3, \Delta G) \text{ where}$ 

Equation

Limits

Gaussian

**Description Comment** 

 $f = 12 \left( \frac{g}{A} \right)^2$ 

 $\vec{l} = 12 \left( \frac{R_s}{C_s} \right)^2 \left( \frac{B}{R_s} \cdot \mathbf{x} \right)^2$ 

Fast roll-off

 $\int\!\!\!\frac{\Delta \overline{G}}{12} \, \mathrm{d} \varsigma \, \frac{\mathcal{B}}{\mathcal{B}_0} \, \leqslant \, \frac{c_2}{\mathcal{B}_0} \, \sqrt{\frac{c_3}{12}} + \, \times$ 

C) "

 $\frac{c_1}{g_0^2} \sqrt{\frac{c_3}{12}} + x < \frac{g}{g_0} \le \sqrt{\frac{c_3}{12}}$ 

**Upper Limit** 

f = C4 + C5 log. (F)

f = C6 + GOA

upper limit value of f

Plateau c<sub>6</sub> =-Final Gain

Beamlet roll-off -22 + WS

The following values of the C  $_{\rm j}$  parameters in Type 5 gives the 83-WARC Fast Roll-off Satellite Antenna Pattern.

		CO-POLARIZED		
PARAMETER	}	GAIN PATTERN		
$c_1$	=	0.		
$c_2^-$	=	.8		
C <sub>1</sub> C <sub>2</sub> C <sub>3</sub>	=	25.23		
C <sub>4</sub>	=	22.		
c <sub>5</sub>	=	20.		
C <sub>6</sub>	=	0.		

#### 3.3.3 INTERFERENCE MATRIX ON UNIT IMATRX

Data Base Area: Interference-Matrix

File Name - Interference Matrix

Program P3 uses an n x n interference matrix, called IGROUP, where n is the number of service areas. Each IGROUP element (I, J) has a value of 0 or 1. If it has a value of 0, no interference from the Jth service area into the Ith is calculated. The index represents the sequence number of the service area in the scenario. All elements of the matrix have a default value of 1 (i.e., calculate interference). If this file is empty (the usual case), the default values will be used which means all interference will be calculated unless inhibited for other reasons (e.g., over-the-horizon).

The default interference matrix can be changed using the data in this file. Either the whole matrix (produced by the user or the Synthesis program) or portions of it can be read from the file.

The format is shown below.

COLS.

01 Square-diagonal-partition (repeating group-repeats as many times as user desires) 05 Header Record 1-5 Starting-diagonal-point PIC 9(5) (Upper left of square partition starts on diagonal at this point) 6-10 10 Length-of-square partition PIC 9(5) 05 Matrix Row (Repeats Length-of-square times) 1,2,3, PIC 9 10 Matrix elements (Repeats Length-of-(0,1)...,50 square times)

As an example, if a scenario has 10 service areas, the following entries in this file

#### WILL CREATE A 10 X 10 MATRIX AS FOLLOWS:

#### 3.3.4 ELLIPSE - UP AND DOWN - UNITS IUELL? AND IUELL?

DATA BASE AREA: ELLIPSE-IFRB

FILE NAME: ELLIPSE RECORD TYPE: ELLIPSE

Each record on this file contains the parameters describing the geometry of an ellipse covering a service area from a possible satellite location with specified antenna pointing and rotational errors. The service area is defined by the polygon points on the Requirements File. The Ellipse File is in sort by IFRB service area number and within that by decreasing satellite longitude. Separate files are maintained by the IFRB for different combinations of errors and for up and down service areas. The records on this file are generated by the Ellipse Fit Program which generates ellipses for each service area - error combination across the available orbital arc at regular intervals.

The following parameters are contained in each record of the Ellipse file:

- Service area designation
- Satellite Longitude
- Boresight latitude and longitude (Center of Ellipse)
- Ellipse orientation angle
- Major and minor axes of ellipse
- Pointing error
- Rotational error

For each service area, the Program PI selects the ellipse whose satellite longitude is closest to that specified in the Scenario being processed as long as it is within the specified tolerance. This means that if ellipses have been generated at two degree intervals of longitude (e.g. -50, -52, -54) and a satellite location of -51.5 is specified, the ellipse at -52 is used from this file.

 $\hbox{\tt Ellipse data\ may\ also\ be\ obtained\ from\ the\ ellipse\ section\ of\ DATA.PARAMS\ documented\ above.}$ 

#### 3.3.5 REQUIREMENTS UNIT IUREQ

This file contains the data keyed from the Requirements Form submitted to the IFRB by the administrations. There is one form (record) for each service area which is to be part of the plan to be developed. The forms, which are described in detail in Appendix 2 of IFRB Circular-letter No. 522, contain information about polygon points, test points, eclipse protection time, desired orbital arc, etc. The file is maintained by the IFRB. SOUP5 uses this file, at the user's request, to obtain point-set data and the IFRB number of ellipses used from the IFRB ellipse files. The point set data may also be read from the technical parameters file documented above.

#### IV. REPORT OUTPUTS

#### 4.1 PROGRAM P1 OUTPUTS

There are two types of outputs from P1:

- Formatted reports echoing the card image inputs and the binary outputs
- Binary outputs to P2

Specifically, the outputs are:

- OUT.RPT Formatted report echoing the selected card image inputs, with error messages to assist in debugging the data; including:
  - Control Data Protection Ratio Data
  - Scenario Level Data Point Set and Point Data
  - RARC Parameter Data Beam Data
  - Scenario Service Area Antenna Characteristics & Point Override Data Data
  - Channelization Data Gain Table Data

- OUT.B.CTL & OUT.W.CTL Binary output for P2 and the corresponding formatted report for non-up/down-dependent data, including:
  - Control Data

- Antenna Characteristics Table
- Scenario Level Data
- Gain Table
- Scenario Description
- Gain Entry Table
- RARC Parameters
- Up/Down Table Sizes
- Protection Ratio Template Table
- Protection Ratio Entry Table
- Beam Table
- OUT.B.UP & OUT.W.UP
- OUT.B.DOWN & OUT.W.DOWN

Binary outputs for P2 and their corresponding formatted reports for up/down dependent data, including:

- Feederlink/Downpath Table
- Channelization Table
- Channel Family Table
- Channel Table
- Point Set Table
- Points Table

Each of the report outputs is discussed in detailed in the following pages.

#### 4.1.1 OUT.RPT - UNIT IURPT

OUT.RPT echos the selected input data as it is processed. The following pages provide a sample of each page of the output. The output in each page is marked to correspond to the card and field in Chapter 3 above.

DATA/FILE TYPE	IN FILE	FROM DATA BASE AREA
• Control Data	DATA.CONTROL	N/A
<ul> <li>Scenario-plan Data</li> </ul>	DATA.SCENARIO	Scenario-plans
• RARC Parameter Data	DATA.PARAMS	Parameters
<ul> <li>Scenario Service Area &amp;</li> </ul>	DATA.SCENARIO	Scenario-plans
Point Override Data		
<ul> <li>Channelization Data</li> </ul>	DATA.PARAMS	Parameters
<ul> <li>Protection Ratio Data</li> </ul>	DATA.PARAMS	Parameters
<ul> <li>Point Set and Point Data</li> </ul>	DATA.PARAMS	Requirements
• Beam Data	DATA.PARAMS	Results
<ul> <li>Antenna Characteristics</li> <li>Data</li> </ul>	DATA.PARAMS	Parameters
<ul> <li>Gain Table Data</li> </ul>	DATA.PARAMS	Parameters

1111111111	
11111111111	-
100 STOP 100 H-12 11111111111111111111111111111111111	⋖
100	TO PS CONTROL DATA
410 D0 4ΕΥ UP 110 Υ 11111111111	CONTR
SCENARID KEY LS-87110 <b>T-8</b> 11111	P2 TU P5

CONTROL INPUT DATA

PI CONTROL DATA

	,	Keao	Recor	Recor	Recor
	DEBUG OPTIONS 3-80	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	10	10
STOP	CODE 7	2.5	20	20	50
PROG	Ö.	ſΊ	m	ব	ιņ

CONTROL
FROM
OVERRIDES
INFOL
SCENAL LUZPLAN

######################################		Will only appear		if control	1 1 1 de	Mecala e Exist	
######################################	本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本 (SIQI)	*** PROTECTION RATIO DATA ***	**TEMPLATE*** **CO-CHANNEL***	KEYS (DB)	DOWN FLT TOTL DOWN FLT TOTL	42-45 -50-53 54-57 62-65	19-85 64-94
######################################	PARAMETER OVERR		DELTA ATTENUA	G PCT WST			
сайр Түр <b>е</b>			POINTING TOL ROTATNL TOL	E-ANT G-ANT E-ANT S-ANT	(DEG). (DEG) (DB)	2-92 52-22 12-81 11-71	2
				BCENARIO CAND RARC	KEY TYPE KEY	6	•

CHULZTION **POINT DATA*** BEAM DATA ************************* RAIN ATTENU  SCHEME ROMT SELECTION  SCHEME ROMT SELECTION  DEFAULT FILE OPTIONS LONG. FILE ANT KEYS POLAR ASMPT/ ANT KEYS POLAR AIMPT/ CALC MRGN  DOWN UP OPTION ESR FLT TOLER OPTN SAT ESR TYPE SUBSAT FLT SAT FLAG FLAG BB  (CARD 2 CONTINUED)  ****TRANSMITTER POWER DEFAULTS****  CHANGE TO STANSMITTER POWER DEFAULTS****  CANTANAMENT TO STANSMITTER POWER DEFAULTS****				~	
DINT DATA*** BEAM DATA **********************************		Will only	appear if	Control Record ?	Exists
OINT DATA*** BEAM DATA  T SELECTION OPTIONS LONG. FILE N ESR FLT TOLER OPTN  19-23 24-26 27-31 32  ARD 2 CONTINUED) TER POWER DEFAULTS****	****** DOWNPATH ************************************	NNT KEYS POLAR ASMPT/ ANT KEYS POLAR AIMPT/ CALC MRGN SAT ESR TYPE SUBSAT FLT SAT FLAG FLAG FLAG DB	at-L		
0 11	**PDINT DATA*** BEAM DATA	FILE OPTIONS LONG FILE OPTN ESR FLT TOLER OPTN	75 15-62 71-th 52-61		****TRANSMITTER POWER DEFAULTS***

 $\langle \rangle$ 

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\*\*\*\*TRANSMITTER POWER DEFAULTS\*\*\*\*
\*\*\*\*DOWNPATH\*\*\*\*
EIRP/POWER MAX EIRP/POWER MAX
FLAG VALUE ADJ

86-96 56-06

29-49

19-65 85

****	PHI	ZERÜ	DEG		
*******	(08)	۸ï۲	3		
**************************************	MARGIN THRESHOLDS (DB)	DETAIL	NMOG		
	THE	SATE	3		
****	MARGIN	AGGREGATE	DOWN CP		
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t.					
5					
		DET DET PG P2 INFR	AGG 1 2 BIN GAIN MTRX		
		ur Ul	GAIN		
		e G	Z E I S		
: : :		DET	IJ		
		DET	-		
			AGG		

Will only appear if optional control

exists

Record 8

Control Records 9, 10, or 11 Will and appear exist

INTERFERENCE WILL ONLY BE CALCULATED INTO THE FOLLOWING SERVICE AREAS 1-8 , 11-16, 21, 28, 55, 43-87110

4-6

\*\*SNOTEGO (CTVO LOGIOO\*

NO OF SERV. AREAS

CARDS PRESENT DOWN UP

NO. DF DESCR CARDS

HORIZON KM

INHIBIT SAME-SERV INTERFER

SINGLE VICTIM CHANNEL

MAX PH1/ PHIO

GROUP FLAG (CARD 3 CONTINUED)
NOM
HORIZON FRG GROUP
KM OPT FLAG

DATA	
I DAMI	
SCENSR 10/PLAN	

	. Z 5 × 6	1.0 54-57		OI O <del>I</del>	RIGINAL PA POOR QU	GE IS ALITY
	TTENU MAX MRGN					
	RAIN ATTENU MAX CALC MRGI	5 23 S			-	
	, <u>}</u>	FLAG		· .	. •	
**** EL*** TOTL	0.0 (2.1 ****** LINK***	FLAG c c	•		Ď,	
**************************************	0.0 ***** EEDERL	SAT FLAG SRSS C 47-50 51		*** PHI ZERO DEG	0. 4 40-43	•
**************************************	0.0 0.0 0.0 5457 (2-65 DATA ***********************************	FLT SAT F MTDA SR55 43-44 47-58		*	60.0 36-39 ARDS	o > 000
TION R * * * * * * * TOTL	Ω *	3		****** LDS (DB DETAIL WN UP	0 60 0 3435-39 CARDS PRESENT	
5 ************************************	46-49 ANTENN TH ****	ins S		ESHOLDS DE1	. 0 60.0 -24 30-34 NO. OF SERV. P	AREAS DOWN 7 4 65-67 79
******* ** PROTE **TEMPLA KEYS DOWN FI	**** WNPAT	146 4 L		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	60.09	!
OVERIDES ************************************	* * * * KEYS	STSS MEDA L 33-36 #1		3*************************************	60.0 60.0 60.0 60.0  20-24 25-29 30-34 35-39  ND. DF. NO. DF. CARDS  DESCR. SERV. PRESENT	CARDS
R COVERE RAIN ATTENUA PCT WST MONTH	76	ທ .	•	**************************************	0.	FLAG Z N
PC.		0PTN 0	######################################	ATA (	ONT IND	0PT 74
PARAMETER DELTA A	0.00 0.00 3.00 72-25 26-29 36-33 DATA*** BEAM DATA ELECTION LONG. FILE	FLT TOLER OPTN TI 2.00 P 27-34 27-31 32	ži v	PUT I	(CARD 3 CONTINUED) NOM HORIZON FRG GROU	000 E
<b>-</b> ~ ·	0 7 7	77	INTINUED) IER DEFAULTS ***FEEDERLIN EIRP/PGWER FLAG VALUE P 10.00	**001	(CARD 3	км 200. 000 <b>68-13</b>
**** RARC RUTATNL TOL E-ANT S-AN (DEG) (DB	0.00 0.00 0   8-21 22-25 2 **PUINT DATA*** ROMT SELECTION ILE OPTIONS		2 CONTINUED) POWER DEFA ***FEEDE ( EIRP/POW ) FLAG VAL ) P 10.	**************************************	BIT SERV	RFER
* ~~	AT DA SELLOPT	ESR 6-7-	4RD 2 C TER PD MAX ADJ 0.0	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	N I /# INHIBIT SAME-SERV	INTER S N
**************************************	0.00   <b> 8-2 </b>   **PDINT   RGMT   FILE	DOWN UP OPTN ESR LSD1 LSU1 P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	ũ⊢Ĭ	* * C.N.	z P	- <i>1</i> 0
****** POINTINE E-ANT	o Z	.su. / <b>4-17</b>	****TRANSMI ****DUMNPAT EIRP/POWER FLAG VALUE P 10.00	44*4** DET DET	Y // // // // // // // // // // // // //	CHANNEL 0 62-63
	두뿌글	DOWN UP LSD1 LSU1 <b>/0-/3 /4-/</b>	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	****** DE	> 0 × 1	01 0
PARC KEY	CHNLJ BCF DEF	LSD1		* <b>4</b>	AMAX PHI	о. 0 <b>59-6</b> /
CARD	~	ପ୍ରା <b>ଚ୍ଚ</b>			m <b>6-</b>	
SCENARIO CARD KEY TYPE		LS-87110	•	<i>(</i> , <b>7</b>	LS-87110  -8	
SCE FEY	<b>8-1</b>	LST		4-7		

0

\*\*\*\*\* ABOVE VALUES REFECT SCENARIO VALUES AFTER BEING OVERRIDDEN BY VALUES FROM CONTROL FILE

1 \*THIS SET IS A TEST OF THE LMSS SYSTEM. IT USES BOTH A AND 2 \* 9 MOBILE ANTENNAS ALONG WITH THE 55 METER SATELLITE OFFSET 6 \* FARABOLA, ONLY AREAS CO-CHANNEL WITH THE CENTER ARE BEING TESTED. DESCRIPTION 11-80 SCENARIO DESCRIPTION CARDS

1)

LS-87110 1-8

LS-87110 LS-87110 LS-87110

RARC PARAMETER INPUT DATA

40-80 TEST3 PARAMETERS

· .	4				
				OFFICIAL PARAMETERS	NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN
				OVER ALL CN	0.0
				FLT NOISE CONTRIB	0.0
A - G O E F	3.78	I	53	****CO-CHANNEL***** DOWN FLT TOTAL PR PR PR ZERO ZERO ZERO	28.0 128.0 28.0 <b>30-33 34-37 38-4</b> [
DELTA-( TO COEF		BAND WIDTH COEF	1.80	CHANNEL FLT PR ZERO	28.0 <b>34-37</b>
******* DELTA-G POINTING ROTATIONAL TO E-ANT S-ANT E-ANT COEF	0.0 32-35	***** DBAND UPPER (MHZ)	45.00	****CO- DOWN PR ZERO	28.0   28.0   28.0   30-43   38-4
ANCES ROTA E-ANT	0.0	ATH** GUAR LOWER (MHZ)	10.00 40-4		
**************************************	24.27	PARAMETERS ************ FREGUENCY GUARDBAND LOWER UPPER LOWER UPPER (GHZ) (GHZ) (MHZ) (MHZ)	34.39	DATA** TOTAL RATIO KEY	T4DW 26-2
POIL	0.0	PARAME ****** FREGU LOWER (GHZ)	12.200 28-33	**PROTECTION C DOWN FLT RATIO RATIO KEY KEY	140W
MIN FL ANT	2.00	IZATION **** 3AND JPPER	23-27	**PROTI DOWN RATIO KEY	18-21 23-35 26-29
CRNT MIN MAX RARC CARD OFCL S-ANT KEY TYPE FLAG BMWDTH AXRATIO	1-4 5 6 7-11 12-15 16-19 200 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	CHANNELIZATION PARAMETERS ****** UPPATH ****** *****************************	1-4 5 6-11 12-17 18-72 23-37 28-33 34-39 40-44 45-49 40-53	RAIN ATTENUATION **PROTECTION DATA** MAX PERCENT DOWN FLT TOTAL RAIN WORST RATIO RATIO RATIO MRGN MONTH KEY KEY KEY	0.1000
ANT	0.0	CHAPA: UPPA: FREQUENCY OWER UPPER (GHZ) (GHZ) (	17.80	MAX PI	0.4
CRNT MIN DFCL S-AN FLAG BMWD	ە <	****** FREGL LOWER (GHZ)	6-11	RAIN MAX RAIN MRGN	4 9
CARD C	- 7		در ب <sup>ی</sup>		ы <b>р</b>
RARC (	1ES4		TES4 1-4		TES4 3
α.		•			-

			NO. NO. PNT OVER 0	•	ND. PNT OVER 0
	*	POLAR ANGLE 0.0	ELTA  SAT ESR **TRANSMITTER**  G CHNL ROMTS PTSEL BMLNG BFSEL ANT ANT POL EIRP/POWER MAX  DB KEY OPTION OPTION OPTION KEY KEY FLAG FLAG VALUE ADJ  O 0.0  17-30 31-34 35 31-40 41-45 46 47-50 51-53 55 57-62 63-63	POLAR ANGLE 0.0 -49 50-54 NK OVERIDES	BFSEL ANT ANT POL EIRP/POWER MAX IPTION KEY KEY FLAG FLAG VALUE ADJ CPMB 77UC C 14.00 0.0
CODE	CANC  1 9  *********************************	**BEAM-PISET KEY* **********************************	E-ANT S-ANT G CHINL ROWTS PTSEL BMLNG BFSEL ANT ANT POL EIRP/POWER MAX PINT PTTOL DB KEY OPTION OPTION OPTION KEY KEY FLAG FLAG VALUE ADJ OVER 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	*BEAM-PTSET KEY* ******* BEAM DATA *******  OVERRIDE SAT PTNG ROT SAT CHN POLAR  OVERRIDE SAT PTNG ROT SAT CHN POLAR  U/D SERVICE AREA LONG ERR ERR LAT FM ANGLE  -125.00 0.10 1.00 0.0 01 0.0  19 30-37 33-34 35-38 39-47 48-49 50-54	E-ANT S-ANT G CHNL ROMTS PTSEL BMLNG BFSEL ANT ANT POL EIRP/POWER MAX PNT PTTOL DB KEY OPTION OPTION OPTION OPTION KEY KEY FLAG FLAG VALUE ADJ OVER 100 0.20 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
KEY TP AREA KEY CD CC	TESTOOOB 5 CAN-PE-STD 1 CAN-PE-	*ETESTOOOB 5 CAN-PE-STD 2	TESTOOOB 5 CAN-PE-STD 3	# #E U	TESTOOOB 5 CAN-PE-STD 5

BLOCK

SCENARIO CD SERVICE

NO.OF CHML FAMS	4343		·	NO.OF CHML FAMS	4		
OFFL FLAG	z <del>/</del> 7,			OFFL FLAG	z		
P-P DEV (MHZ)	8.00 N 36-40 41			P-P DEV (MHZ)	12.00		
TOP B-B FRQ (MHZ)	2.00 31-35			TOP B-B FRQ (MHZ)	5.00		
CH.NOISE BNDW (MHZ)	22.00 <b>36-30</b>		4 8 12 16 24 28 32 36 -13 13-14	CH.NOISE BNDW (MHZ)	22.00		
CHNL SEP.	10.00 21-25		12 16 24	CHNL SEP. (MHZ)	14.70		5 7 9 6 8 10
CHNL BNDWTH (MHZ)	10.00	CHANNELS	1-13 11-13 13-14	CHNL BNDWTH (MHZ)	10.00 14.70	CHANNELS	1 2 2 4 55
ND . DF CHNLS	7.400 40	NO.OF CHNLS IN FAM	8	NO.OF CHNLS	36	NO.OF CHNLS IN FAM	ស ស − −
LOWEST FREQ (GHZ)	17.400 7-13	CARD C	- %	LOWEST FREQ (GHZ)	12.400	CARD C	
UP/ DOWN	<b>⊃ ⁄9</b>	CHNL F AM NUM	. 0 7	UP/ DOWN	Q	CHNL FAM NUM	0000
CARD TYPE	دم -		n <b>'0</b>	CARD	-		0000
CHZ KEY	crs1		V-1	CH2 KEY	CTS4		CTS4 CTS4 CTS4 CTS4

			******	*****		SEGMENT	PARAMETERS	******	******	******
				END				END		
	CRD	NO, OF	UPPER	VALUE	SLOPE		UPPER	VALUE	SLOPE	
ΚEΥ	N N	SEG	LIMIT	(08)	(08)	OFFSET	LIMIT	(DB)	(08)	OFFSET
7-	6	6-7	216	pt-11	25-33	33-49	84-14	49.56	12-64	65-72
40M	-		-0.920	-23.000	71.000	-0.920	-0.274	0.0	35.600	-0.274
4DM	0		0.274	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.920	0.0	-35.600	0.274
40¥	က		0.0	-23.000	-71.000	0.920				

COMMENT

PNT CRD UP/ OFFL RN NO.OF KEY TYP SERVICE AREA DN SET ZN PNTS

											•			
			Z Z N	38					Z Z	80			ZN ZN	
			ELEV. Meters	81-71					ELEV. Meters	o .			ELEV. Meters	00
	. ,			61-46 67-73					S	80.00			g	-120.00
			LOCATION LAT LO	99/9					LOCATION LAT. LO	60.00			LOCATION LAT. LOP	60.00 -120.00 49.00 -120.00
			PNT TYP	3					PNT	•			PNT	<u>с</u> в
•			PNT NUM	55-59		TA		ΤA	PNT PNT NUM TYP	ю		¥	PNT	e 9
			Z N	B 5-4		ST DA		ST DA	Z N	89		T DAT	RN ZN	8 C 8
E R	j .	ER	ELEV. Meters	0. 49-53		CANADIAN TEST DATA		CANADIAN TEST DATA	ELEV. Meters	o .		CANADIAN TEST DATA	ELEV. Meters	0. 2989. 0.
N CARRI		N CARRI		70.00 42-48		CANA		CANA	ي :	-80.00		CANAD	<u>ة</u>	-120.00 -130.00 -130.00
OVER HORIZON CARRIER		TEST FOR OVER HORIZON CARRIER	LOCATION LAT. LO	40.00		CANADA ONTARIO AREA.		CANADA ONTARIO AREA.	LOCATION LAT. LON	70.00		CANADA PACIFIC AREA.	LOCATION LAT. LON	70.00 - 70.00 - 70.00 -
OVER		OVER	PNT TYP	35		VT AR I		VTARIO	PNT TYP	a.		ACIF10	PNT TYP	۵
TEST FOR	COMMENT	ST FOR	PNT PNT NUM TYP	2 31-34	COMMENT	NADA OI	COMMENT	NADA O	PNT PNT NUM TYP	'n	COMMENT	NADA P	PNT PNT NUM TYP	8 21 12
	CO	F	RN ZN	2 G	CO	Š	COP	CA	N N		CON	CA	RN ZN	
217-18	. 0F ITS	7	V. R RS 2		. 0F ITS	e	. 0F 11.S	6		B	. OF	89		0 . 0 . 0 .
8 %	RN NO ZN PN		ELE	24.7	N NO N PN	80	RN NO.OF ZN PNTS	•	ELE METE	J	RN ND.OI ZN PNTS	8	ELEV.	
z /c	OFFL RN NO SET ZN PN	z	ON ELE Long. Mete	60.00 0.09 17-23 24-38	UP/ OFFL RN NO.O ON SET ZN PNTS	z	UP/ OFFL ON SET	z	<u>.</u>	70.00 -95.00	UP/ OFFL RN NO DN SET ZN PN	z	ON ELEV. Long. Meters	70.00 -141.00 49.00 -114.00 81.00 -145.00
ن ق	UP/ NO	۵	LOCATION LAT. LO		ON NO	a	UP/ DN	٥	AT I	8	UP/ NO	0	111	000
T	REA	TS.	LA	40.00	?EA	2	SE A	2	LOC, LAT.	70.	REA	2	LOC/ LAT.	70.00 49.00 81.00
10-RZ-TS	ie A	1-Z	Z Z	و ہ	ie A	S-N	Ë A	N-S1	Y P	۵	ří A	A-S	ΥP	С. С. Ш.
AHD-RZ-TST 6-13	SERVICE AREA	AHO-R2-TST	PNT PNT NUM TYP	1 P 40.00 6-9 10 11-16	UP, SERVICE AREA DN	CAN-ON-STD	SERVICE AREA	CAN-DN-STD	PNT PNT NUM TYP	-	SERVICE AREA	CAN-PA-STD	PNT PNT NUM TYP	+ 4 L
- <i>P</i>	CRD TYP	-	•	a' 10	CRD TYP	-	CRD	-		7	CRD TYP	-		909
AHRZ /-4	PNT CRD KEY TYP	AHRZ		AHRZ 1-4	PNT CRD KEY TYP	CA4D	PNT	CA4D		CA4D.	PNT CRD KEY TYP	CA 1D		CA 10 CA 10 CA 10

	FFL	FLAG	ė	z	z	z	z	z	z			2
	NOR	AXIS	17-65	0.60	0.77	0.95	1.08	1.74	0.60	0.60	0.60	70 +
	JOR	SIXI	75.6	0.60	3.88	3.04	2.26	4.08	0.60	0.60	0.60	0
NG.	_	Ş	2	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	5
FERENCE 1	IENT/	EF.LAT F	36 37 38-44 45:	0.0	147.98	155.81	149.71	26.70	0.0	0.0	0.0	20 30
<b>ENT/RE</b>	8	FLAG R	31	ပ	0	0	0	~	ပ	ပ	ပ	٥
ORI	z	LONG.	30-36	-70.00	-88.60	-126.32	-101.61	-98.10	0.0	-126.00	-92.00	40-
	AIMPOI	LAT.	- or pc-he 820	40.00	52.06	57.13	56.79	36.40	0.0	51.00	54.00	36
	٣	ä	4	_	÷	<del>-</del>	_	-	_	÷	÷	-
* * * * *	PTNG	ERR	1519	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	o. 5	9
10 ****	SAT	U/D SERVICE AREA LONG. ERR	6121 51-01	- 100.00	-125.00	-145.00	-125.00	-135.00	-70.00	-145.00	-125.00	128 00
BEAM	*** >	AREA		-TST	-STD	-STD	-STD	-STC	-PNT	-STD	-STD	CIO
* * * * * * * *	BEAM KE	SERVICE		AHO-RZ -TST	CAN-ON	CAN-PA	CAN-PE	USA-CT	ATN-TS	CAN-PA	CAN-PE	TOTABLE
•	:	a/n		٥	٥	۵	۵	۵	<b>-</b>	>	<b>-</b>	=

			35-80	CPM 42 FEEDERLINK						C
	JFFL .	:LAG	32	z	z	z	z	z	z	z
SAIN	ABLKEY C	×	17 18-23 24-27 28-31 32	4 42AA	23	23	24	22	22	22
9	T	2	2	41AA	31	31	13	12	12	12
F MERIT	NOISE T	VALUE	18-23	0.0	0.0	0.0	1200.00	0.0	15.74	1500.00
F1G 0	RCVR	FLAG	11				z		Σ	z
		EAP	13-14	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55
DIAM/	E ANG	VALUE	7 8-12	.00 .00	4.50	7.00	0.75	0.0	0.0	0.0
E-ANT	CVRAG	FLAG	7	٥	۵	۵	۵			
	/TIMX	RC.	ø	<b>-</b>	_	-	~	<b>-</b>	~	œ
	EARTH/	SPACE	10	ш	щ	ш	ш	s	S	S
	ANT	KEY,	1-4	CPM8	FSS1	TSUT	77DR	77DT	77UC	77UR

#### 4.1.2 P1 BINARY OUTPUT ECHOS

The following three reports echo the data in the binary file interface between Pl and P2.

#### REPORT FILE

1. Control & non-up/down-dependent
 data output echos
 Write unit = IUWCTL

#### CONTENTS

- Control data
- Program | Internal Data
- Scenario level data
- RARC parameter data
- Service area data
- Protection ratio data
- Beam data
- Antenna Characteristics data
- Gain Table & Gain Entry data
- Up and Down Table sizes

- Up & Down Path data
- Channelization/Channel Family/
   Channel Data
- Point set and point data

These files are shown exactly what the output of program 1 is. They are meant more for programmers then for the user. However, they still can be useful to the user who wants to confirm that program 1 is producing the expected output.

The following pages present a sample page of each of output with an accompanying explanation.

### 4.1.2.1 CONTROL & NON-UP/DOWN DEPENDENT DATA ECHO IN OUT.CTL

#### DATA.P1 ECHO

The report on the following pages is an echo of Data.Pl, and is of interest to programmers only. For further information see the SOUP5V3.8 Programmers Manual.

#### CONTROL DATA ECHO

## LABELED IN SAMPLE AS

A	Scenario key	SCENAR A8	D
В	P2 stop code	ISTOP	I
C	P2 debug option occurs 78	IDEBUG(78)	I
D	P3 stop code	ISTOP	I
E	P3 debug option occurs 78	IDEBUG(78)	I
F	P4 stop code	ISTOP	I
G	P4 debug option occurs 78	IDEBUG(78)	I
Н	P5 stop code	ISTOP	I
I	P5 debug option occurs 78	IDEBUG(78)	I

CONTROL DATA

SCENARIO=TESTOOOB A

P3 CONTROL DATA STOP CODE = 50 D  $\mathcal{E}$  STOP CODE = 500 D COD

CONTROL DATA STOP CODE=50€ Ρ4

#### SCENARIO LEVEL DATA ECHO

## LABELED ON SAMPLE AS

A	Polarization Reference point flag-up l = aimpoint, 2 = subsatellite point up
<b>B</b> .	Polarization Reference point flag-down 1 = aimpoint, 2 = subsatellite point down
С	Rain-attenuation calculation flag 1 = clear, 2 = rain, 3 = both
D	P3 Aggregate Report Flag P3 Detail Report #1 P3 Detail Report #2 P3 Binary Output P2 Gain Table Graphs 1 = yes, 0 = no
Ε	Aggregate-Report-Margin Threshold UP
F	Aggregate-Report-Margin Threshold DOWN
G	Detail-Report-C/I Threshold UP
Н .	Detail-Report-C/I Threshold DOWN
I	P2 Gain Table Graph PHI-ZERO
J	Nominal Frequency Option 1 = Low, 2 = Middle, 3 = High

#### SCENARIO LEVEL DATA ECHO

### LABELED ON SAMPLE AS

К	Blocking-in-effect-flag l = yes, 0 = no
L	Number of scenario description lines
М	Number of Service Areas
N	Distance for Horizon effect
0	Maximum allowed rain margin uppath
p .	<pre>Inhibit Same-serv-area-same-channel- family flag l=yes, 0=no</pre>
Q	Single victim channel  0 = calculate all channels, else calculate interference into this channel only
R	Maximum Phi/PhiØ. If not equal to zero, inhibit interference calculations when either antenna has a Phi/PhiØ greater than this value.
\$	<pre>I=1,, number of description records Scenario description record</pre>

2		•					
MARGIN MARGIN UP 0 4.00							
HURIZON 200. 00							
SERVE.							
RLOCK DESCR FLAG LINES O B				* *	e t	ರೆ ಜ	# A
BLOCK FLAG O	·						
PHI NDST				ATTN,	ALL	ENNA.	
PHI NDM				RAIN	EAM C	IKS. IK ANT	
ć.		•		NO BLOCKING, RAIN ATTN, N, PROT RATIO	ACALCULATED, POINTING ERRURS, C/N WITH G/T AND TEMP, BEAM CALL *BY ID , with FREG=1, SOME CARRIERS OVER HORIZON	«BB) RAIN MARGIN, CANDNSTD HAS CAN WITH MANY FEEDERLINKS. «GSES FAST ROLL-OFF SATELLITE ANTENNA AND CPM FEEDERLINK ANTENNA.	
HARCIN THRESHOLDS (DI AGGRESATE DETAIL BOWN UP DOWN UP F F 6 H	MAX IMUM PHI/PHIO	0.00 R	RIPTION CARDS S	CHARACTERISTICS.	ACALCULATED, POINTING ERRURS, C/N WITH G/T AND TEMP, SEY ID , WOW FREG=1, SOME CARRIERS OVER HORIZON	ANTENNA AND	- SAME AS TESTOOOS EXCEPT NO BLOCKING
en e	SINGLE V VICTIN CHANNEL	॰ প্ত	DESCRIPTION	COMING CHARA	JTING ERRURS 1, SOME CA	CANONSTD F F SATELLITE	SSTOGOS EXCE
STATE OF STA	INHIBIT SAME-SERV INTERFER	~ <b>Q</b>	SCENARIO DESC	HAS FOLL OINTS SEL	ED, POIN	N MARGIN, T ROLL-OF	AME AS TE
ATHROTICE ATTENDED ON CALC				ATHIS SET HAS FOLLOWING A ALL POINTS SELECTED	SCALCULAT	AUSES FAS	; i

SCENAR OF LANSEL BOLLA

ORIGINAL PAGE IS DE POOR QUALITY

#### RARC PARAMETERS ECHO

## LABELED ON SAMPLE AS

Α	RARC Parameter Key*
В	Percent of worst month
С	Max allowed rain margin downpath
·	Channelization Parameters
D	Uppath lowest frequency (ghz)
E	Uppath highest frequency (ghz)
F	Uppath lower guard bandwidth (mhz)
G	Uppath upper guard bandwidth (mhz)
Н	Downpath lowest frequency (ghz)
I	Downpath highest frequency (ghz)
J	Downpath lower guard bandwidth (mhz)
K <sub>.</sub>	Downpath upper guard bandwidth (mhz)
L,M	Co-channel protection ratio (dB) 1 = up, 2 = down
N	Co-channel total protection ratio (dB)

### RARC PARAMETERS ECHO

# LABELED ON SAMPLE AS

0 <b>,</b> P	Index to protection ratio table 0 = up, P = down
Q	Index to total protection ratio
R	Bandwidth coefficient
<b>S</b> ·	FLT-noise-contribution (dB)
T .	Overall C/N (dB)
U .	Min FLT ant diameter
V	Protection ratio key - up*
W	Protection ratio key - down*
Χ.	Protection ratio key - total*

<sup>\*</sup>Not in binary output

	ID (MHZ)	UPPER	<b>≯</b> 5			EYS	TOTL	×	T4DW
_	GUARDBAN	OWER	<b>H</b> ō	)		RATIO K	UP DOWN	ž	T40W
È						PROT	₽	>	T4DW
2	:Y(GHZ)	UPPER	H 1000 C1	}	FLT	ZIW	ANT	2	2
-	REQUENC	WER	000	}			공		
					FLT	NOISE	CONTRIB	h	0.0
<del>Y</del>	AND (MHZ)	UPPEF	<b>9</b> 2	2	BNDWDTH				
	<b>GUARDB</b>	LOWER	<b>6</b>	3					
EDEKLI	(2	8		₹	RATIO************************************	SES###	TOTAL	C	<b>y</b> -
ĭ	VCY (GH)	N FREQUENCY (GHZ) GUAN LOWER UPPER LOWE DW D 17.300 17.800 10.0	ent.	í :	*****(	I INDIC	DOWN	a	
	REQUE		*	g G	0				
	ũ.	07	Ą	:	ECTION	***	TOTAL	2	29, 90
	RAI	ARGI	<b>√</b>	ř	****PR0TI	CHANNEL	DOWN	5	28.00
TONTING	PCT-WST MAX	MONTH	න <sub>ු</sub>	- >	*****	-00 ****	UP DOWN TOTAL	7	28.00
		ΚĒΥ	A 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2						

#### SERVICE AREA TABLE DATA ECHO

## LABELED IN SAMPLE AS

F

#### Passed to P2:

For I=1, to number of service areas

A	Index of service area
В	ITU admin abbrev
С	Area-designator
D	Area type
Ε	Block-code

Number of service areas

L.
9
NSERVA#

IBLKCD

CANE CANE CANC CANC

AREA RZ RZ PA PE ON CT

/A = 6	ADMIN	A	AHO	CAN	CAN	CAN	USA	ATN
NSERVA=	NDEX	৬	<b>-</b>	8	ო	4	Ŋ	9

### PROTECTION RATIO TABLE ECHO

LABELED IN SAMPLE AS	
Α	Number of protection ratio templates
В	Number of protection ratio entries in all templates
С	Protection ratio template key*
D	Index of protection ratio template*
Е	Index to starting location of protection ratio template
F	Number of segments in template*
G,H,I,J	Protection ratio template entries
	Additional details of Template Entries
G	Upper limit in segment (not used for last segment) in normalized frequency. Normalized frequency is frequency divided by Carson's Rule Bandwidth (Peak-to-peak modulation + 2 * Top-baseband - frequency)
Н	Segment-value-at-offset. Value of protection ratio drop off from channel value at offset
I	Slope of segment in terms of dB/(normalized-frequency)

Offset of segment (see item H above)

J

Note: At a normalized frequency  ${\tt FD}$ 

Protection Ratio =  $PR_0$  - (End value + slope \* (FD - Offset))

		*****			OFFSET	لر	-0.274	0.274	
	•	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		SLOPE	(08)	H	35.600	-35.600	
		********	END	VALUE	(08)	X	0.0	0.0	
		TRY TABLE		* UPPER	+ LIMIT	9	-0.274	0.920	
9	٥ñ	EZ	•	-	<u>-</u> -		-		
	TABLE=	N RATIO			OFFSET	1	-0.920	0.0	0.920
S	LENGTH OF ENTRY TABLE=	**************************************		SLOPE	(08)	Ŋ	71.000	0.0	-71.000
TEMPLATE AND ENTRY TABLES	1 LENG	*******	END	VALUE	(08)	7	-23,000	0.0	-23.000
LATE AND E	LENGTH OF TEMPLATE TABLE	********	•	* UPPER	+ LIMIT	હ	-0.820	0.274	0.0
EMPL	LATE								
T 10 T	TEMP	*TMPLT* *****		NO.OF	KEY 10X POS SEG	4	ណ		
Z Z	P	-17	Ē		S04	C	)_		
CT 10	ENGT	• TMP	*TABLE*	CRD	XOI	A	-		
PROTECTION RATIO	_				KEY	J	T4DW		

### ELLIPSE TABLE DATA ECHO

## LABELED IN SAMPLE AS

### Passed to P2:

,	A	Number of beams			
,	В	Index to beam table			
	С	Beam key			
	D	Major axis		degrees	
	E	Minor axis		degrees	
٠	F	Aimpoint latitude		degrees north	
	G	Aimpoint longitude		degrees	east
	н	Orientation ang or ref pnt flag (l=orient. ang., 2=ref pnt)			
	I	Orientation angle or ref pnt latitude		degrees degrees north	or <sub>.</sub>
	J	Ref point longitude	R	degrees	east

	***					
	AIMLN	-70.00	-126.00	-92.00	-98.10 -98.10	0.0
	AIMLT	40.00 57.13	51.00	54.00	36.40 36.40	0.0
,	AXSMN	0.60 0.95	0.60 1.08	0.60	1.74	09.0
<b>B</b>	AXSMJ	9.00 9.04	0.60 2.26	0.60 3.88	4.08	0.60
NUMBER OF BEAMS	INDEX KEY	1 DAHORZTST 2 DCANPASTD	3 UCANPASTD 4 DCANPESTD	5 UCANPESTD 6 DCANDNSTD	7 DUSACTSTC 8 UUSACTSTC	9 UATNTSPNT

### ANTENNA CHARACTERISTICS TABLE ECHO

# LABELED IN SAMPLE AS

### Passed to P2:

Α	Number of antennas	
В	Diameter or coverage angle (l=diameter, 2=coverage angle, 0 or blank = antenna (not relevant))	satellite
С	Diameter or coverage angle	meters or degrees
D	Fig. of merit or rcvr noise temp flag (l=fig. of merit, 2=noise temp)	
E	Figure of merit or rcvr noise temp	dB/K or K
F	Antenna Aperture Efficiency	
G	Index to Copolar gain table	
Н	Index to Xpolar gain table	
	Additional debug output:	
, I	Index to antenna char. set	
J	Key of antenna characteristics set	

NUMBER OF ANTENNAS. INDEX

7708 7708 7708 7708 6 581

IXGN

I CGN

IFNFL

DIACV

IDCFL

1200.00 1500.00 15.74

0.75 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 4.50

#### GAIN TABLE AND GAIN ENTRY TABLE ECHO

# LABELED IN SAMPLE AS

## Gain table:

A	Number of gain tables	NGT	I
В	Gain pattern number	NGPAT(I)	I
С	Index to starting location in gain-entry table	IGENT(I)	I
D	Calculation option flag	IGCAL(I)	I
M	Gain table description	IGDES	I

## LABELED IN SAMPLE AS

### Gain entry table:

Е	Number of gain table entries	LGET	I
F-J	Gain entry	RNTRY(I)	equivalenced
		<pre>INTRY(I)</pre>	to I

(Written as one record)

### Ordering notes for a particular table

if pattern = 01 or 02

		ТҮРЕ
F	05 Number of segments	I
	05 Segment * (RG)	•
G	10 Segment equation type	I
Н	10 Upper segment limit <sup>t</sup>	R units can vary
I	10 No. of coefficients	I
	<pre>10 Coefficient * (RG)</pre>	R units can vary
	<pre>if pattern = (not yet implemented)</pre>	
	05 Number of parameters	I
	05 Number of coordinate sets	I
	05 Parameter * (RG)	R units can vary
	05 Coordinate set * (RG)	-

If positive limit is on â (off axis angle)

If negative limit is on  $a/a_0$  (â divided by antenna beamwidth)

		<pre>10 Earth longitude or off- axis-angle</pre>	R	degrees
		10 Earth latitude or orienta- tion-angle	R	degrees
		10 Gain	R	dB
	if patte	rn = (not yet implemented)		
	05	Number of fixed parameters	I	
	05	Number of repeating parameters	I	
	05	Fixed parameter * (RG)	R	units can vary
	05	Repeating parameter * (RG)	Ŕ	units can vary
	if patte	rn = 4 or 5		
F	05	Number of parameters	I	
G-J	05	Parameter * (RG)	R	units can vary
	Addition	al debug outputs:		
К		Index to gain table	IGT	
L		Key to gain table	KGAI	N

GAIN AND GAIN ENTRY TABLES

180 E

LGET=

NGT B A

-20.0000 0.0 -20.0000 2.00000 2.00000 1.00000 1.00000 -1.00000 1.00000 PARAM/ COEFF 0.0 25.0000 0.0 36.0000 29.0000 25.0000 20.0000 25.0000 25.0000 40.0000 PARAM/ COEFF 0.0 0.0 0.0 77 WARC EARTH STATION RECEIVE CROSSPOLAR REGION 2 FSS CCIR 1978 PATTERN MAIN LOBE GAUSSIAN COPOLAR 77 WARC EARTH STATION RECEIVE COPOLAR REGION , CPM-82 UPLINK TRANSMIT CROSS-POLARIZED NO 0.0 -30.0000 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 25.0000 9.70000 0.0 0.635000 0.0 38.0000 20.0000 -32.0000 10.0000 25.0000 1.00000 20.0000 30.0000 1.00000 12.0000 10.0000 12.0000 9.00000 8.50000 PARAM/ COEFF UPLINK TRANSIT CO-POLARIZED -12.0000 0.0 0.635C 45.0000 -20.0000 -12.6C 0.0 PARAM/ NCOEFF UPLINKK TRANSMIT CROSSPOLAR ORI 0.711000 47.9000 999.000 -.250000 -1,40000 -.250000 0.354000 -4.10000 -174.400 -15.1400 -999.000 -1.26000 -999.000 -7.24000 LIMIT. PARAM/ **CPM-82** 0.500000 36.3000 -10.0000 0.493000 8.91000 -10.0000 1EQTYP PARAM/ \*\*\*\*\*\*\*GAIN TABLE\*\*\*\*\* NPARAM/ 1 KGAIN NGPAT 1GENT 1GCAL INDSEG 5 0 0 0 0 0 132 **2** 153 77 24 94 167 a  $\mathcal{Q}_{_{4}}$ 1= 42 3 31 6 24 23 5 13 ~

1.00000		2.00000	1.00000			-1.00000		1.00000	
25.0000		0.0	25.0000	0.0		40.0000		40.0000	0.0
8.50000	38.0000	12.0000	30.0000	0.0	JLAR	40.0000	33.0000	40.0000	0.0
4	-	COPOLAR 3	- 4	2	CROSSPO	4	-	4	8
- 15 . 1400	-999.000	77WARC SATELLITE TRANSMIT COPOLAR 2 -1,58000 3	-3 . 16000 -998 . 000	000.666-	77 WARC SATELLITE TRANSMIT CROSSPOLAR	330000	-1.67000	-998.000	-999.000
၉	-	77WARC	<del>-</del> 6	4	77 WARC	၈	-	က	4
9	7	4 -	3.5	4	4	-	7	Э	4
		0			0				
		-			53				
		-			-				
		2			22				

\* SEGMENT LIMIT IS ABSOLUTE VALUE OF NUMBER,
\* IF NEGATIVE THE LIMIT IS ON PHI/PHI ZERO.
\* IF POSITIVE THE LIMIT IS ON PHI

#### UP AND DOWN TABLE SIZE ECHO

# LABELED IN SAMPLE AS

### Output to P2:

Α	Number of feederlin	k sets NPS(1)	I
В	Number of downpath	sets NPS(2)	I
С	Length of points ta	ble up LGP(1)	I
D	Length of points ta	ble down LGP(2)	I
	•		
Ε	Length of channeliz	ation table up LCNT(1)	I
F	c Length of channeliz	ation table down LCNT(2)	I
	•		
G	Length of Channel f	amily table up LCHF(1)	I
·H	Length of Channel f	amily table down LCHF(2)	I
I	Length of Channel t	able up LCTB(1)	I
J	Length of Channel t	able down LCTB(2)	I

### UP AND DOWN TABLE SIZE ECHO

# LABELED IN SAMPLE AS

## Output to P2:

P	Number	of	feederlink sets	NPS(1)	I
8	Number	of	downpath sets	NPS(2)	I
				•	
C	Length	of	points table up	LGP(1)	I
נ	Length	of	points table down	LGP(2)	I
	-				
E	Length	of	channelization table up	LCNT(1)	I
F	Length	of	channelization table down	LCNT(2)	I
				. •	
G	Length	of	Channel family table up	LCHF(1)	I
ŀ	Length	of	Channel family table down	LCHF(2)	I
I	Length	of	Channel table up	LCTB(1)	I
	Length	of	Channel table down	LCTB(2)	I

NNLS	NO	8 12	7
CHA	g	80	
AMS	NO	4	Z
H	Р.	-	P
TNS	Š	-	4
CHZN	NO dn	-	3
NTS	NO dr	22	A
P01	g	12	J
SETS	Š	9	8
Ы	9	9	4

#### 4.1.2.2 UP AND DOWNPATH TABLES ECHO

The data table echos listed in the following pages occur for both feederlink and downpath data.

#### FEEDERLINK/DOWNPATH TABLE

LABEL	ED	ΙN
SAMPL	E	AS

A	Service Area Number*
В .	Index to beam table
C	Index to satellite antenna table
D	Index to channel family table
E	Satellite EIRP, C/N, or powe or PFD flag (1 = EIRP, 2 = C/N, 3 = power, 4 = PFD)
F	EIRP, C/N, power, or PFD
G	Max power adjustment
Н	Satellite antenna pointing tolerance
I	Earth antenna pointing tolerance
J	Circular or Linear Polarization flag (1 = Circular, 2 = linear)
K	Polarization-angle

<sup>\*</sup> Not in binary output

## LABELED IN SAMPLE AS

```
L
            Delta G to edge
            Satellite Longitude
М
            Satellite Latitude
N
0
            Beam File Key*
            (1 = Requirements, 2 = Parameters)
            Beam Key or ID type* (not used)
Р
            (1 = Key, 2 = ID)
Q
            Beam Key*
            Satellite Antenna Key*
R
            Channelization Key*
S
            Channel family Key*
Τ
U
            Beam pointing error*
            Beam Rotational error*
٧
```

<sup>\*</sup>Not in binary output

9**%**~555555 CH2 CTS1 CTS1 CTS1 CTS1 CTS1 CTS1 CTS1 SANT KEY 77UR 77UR 77UR 77UR PNT ERR F 00.100 F T U/D SERVICE AREA

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2 O D AHO-RZ-TST 0.
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#### CHANNELIZATION TABLE ECHO

# LABELED IN SAMPLE AS

A	Channelization Index*
В	Channelization Key*
С	Lowest frequency
D	No. of channels in scheme
Ε	Channel bandwidth
F	Channel separation
G	Channel noise bandwidth
Н	Top baseband frequency
I	Peak-to-peak deviation
J	Index of Channel family*
Κ	Channelization and Family Key*
L	Index of first channel in family
М	Index of last channel in family
N	Index of channelization scheme in channelization table
0	Channel numbers

<sup>\*</sup> Not written on binary file

CHANNELIZATION TABLE

	PPDEV	H	<b>8</b> . 00
1	TBBFRO	z	2.00
	CHNSBW	હ	22.00
!	CHSEP	4	10.00
	CHBW	w	10.00
	NCHNZ	9	40
	FROL	U	17.400
ı	ΚĒΥ	8	CTS1
	INDEX	Ø	-

CHAN

### POINTS TABLE ECHO

## LABELED IN SAMPLE AS

A	Index of service area*
В	Index of last ground point in service area
С	Index of ground point
D	Point latitude (deg)
E	Point longitude (deg)
F	Point elevation (m)
G	Point rain zone  Ranges from 1-14, corresponding A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, J, K, L, M, N, P
Н	Index to ground antenna parameters
Ι .	Earth station EIRP, C/N, power or PFD flag (0 = none, 1 = EIRP, 2 = C/N, 3 = power, 4 = PFD)
J	EIRP, C/N, power, or PFD

<sup>\*</sup>Not written on binary file

POINT SET AND POINT TABLE

ISERVA= 1 A	A IENDP=	P= 28					•	
	INDEX	PTLAT 40.00 40.00	PTLNG 60.00 0.00	PTELE 0.0	PRNZN 2 2	HIEANT 3	FEPFL 2	MW 44 800
1SERVA- 2	1 ENDP-	ស <u>ត</u>						
	INDEX 3 5	PTLAT 50.00 51.00 49.00	PTLNG -130.00 -126.00 -120.00	PTELE 0. 0.	IRNZN 3 3 3	IEANT 3 3	JEPFL 2 2 2	EPER 14.0 14.0 0.0
ISERVA= 3	I ENDP =	p= 7						·
	INDEX 6 7	PTLAT 56.90 52.80	PTLNG -89.00 -95.20	PTELE 0. 0.	I RNZN 3	IEANT 5 5	IEPFL 2 2	E P W A + + + 0 O . 0
ISERVA= 4	I ENDP =	P= 10					•	
	INDEX B 9 10	PTLAT 70.00 70.00 60.00	PTLNG -95.00 -80.00 80.00	PTELE 0. 0.	I RNZN 2 2 2 2	IEANT 3 3	IEPFL 2 2 2	EPWR 11.0 14.0
ISERVA= 5	I ENDP =	n Q.						
	INDEX 11	PTLAT 41.80	PTLNG -87.70	PTELE 0	IRNZN 2	IEANT 7	IEPFL 3	E PWR 30.0
ISERVA= 6	I ENDP=	P= 12			,			
	INDEX 12	PTLAT 0.0	PTLNG 0.0	PTELE O.	I RNZN 3	I E ANT	IEPFL 3	EPWR 2.0

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#### 4.2 PROGRAM P2 OUTPUTS

There are two report-type outputs from P2:

- Gain Table Graphs, as part of the output on unit IDIAG
- Error messages generated during calculations, on unit IERUNT Each of these is discussed on the following pages.

#### 4.2.1 GAIN TABLE GRAPHS

Program P2 allows the user to test all the gain tables used in the scenario. A flag of "Y" in IOUTOP (5) in Card 3 of the scenario causes graphs of gain vs. off-axis angle for all gain types to be printed on the diagnostic output unit. A marked copy of the output produced by IOUTOP(5) is shown below. The description of each marked variable follows. The antenna beamwidth to be used for the graph is an input on Card 3 of the Scenario.

Labeled on Sample	<u>Variable</u>	Description
. А	GTBL	Gain and gain entry table number
В	NGT	Total number of gain tables in scenario
С	LGET	Total number of gain table entries
D	NGP AT	Gain pattern number
Ε	IGENT	Index to starting location of
		gain entry table
F	IGCAL	Calculation option flag
G		Number of segments
Н		Description of the gain table
I		Gain table parameters
J		The off-axis angle (deg)
K		Off-axis angle divided by
		beamwidth (note: Beamwidth is
		an input parameter read from
	•	record 3 columns 40-43 of
		Scenario File or record l
		columns 43-47 of Data.Control
		file. For this test it is set to 2 <sup>0</sup> )
L		Antenna gain
. <b>M</b>		Numerical antenna gain
N		Gain (dB) minus on-axis gain
		(on-axis gain is set to 60 dB)

The off-axis angle is incremented by  $.1^{\circ}$  from  $0^{\circ}$  to  $10^{\circ}$ , by  $.5^{\circ}$  from  $10.5^{\circ}$  to  $20^{\circ}$ , then by  $5^{\circ}$  from  $25^{\circ}$  to  $100^{\circ}$ .

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326.21 318.11	281.58 250.67	24.3	82.1	65.1	5° - 5° - 5° - 5° - 5° - 5° - 5° - 5° -	25.6	15.4	06.3	Ç.	٠. ١	7 4	•	. 10	5	σ	Š	•	~	20.41	กเ	7.54	, T.	9.4	3.51	2.15	2.45	2.97	1.76	1.51	1.31	1.14	1.01
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#### 4.2.2 P2 IERUNT

Program P2 of SOUP5, besides performing the single path calculations, checks the data for conditions which may cause an error. When it detects such an error, it writes a message to the unit IERUNT, and sets the stop code. If the error is not fatal the stop code (ISTOP) is set to 50. Detection of a fatal error sets the stop code to 99. There are no error messages written by Program P3.

Below is a list of error messages:

\*\*\*WARNING - CHNLZTN SCHEME (scheme number) FOR IUP = (1 = up,
2 = down) VIOLATES RARC PARAMETERS, LOWEST FREQUENCY =
lowest center channel frequency), NO. OF CHNLS = (number
of channels in scheme), CHNL BNDWDTH = (channel bandwidth)
GHZ

The error message is written by subroutine RDCHNL as a warning to the user that a channelization scheme violates the RARC parameters. The error is not fatal.

There is a violation of RARC parameters if:

1. 
$$F_L - B_W/2$$
 is greater than  $G_L + R_L$ 

2. 
$$F_L + (N_c - 1) * S_c$$
 is greater than  $R_u - G_u$ 

Where

 $F_1$  = center frequency of lowest channel in channelization

 $B_{w}$  = Channel bandwidth

G, = Lower Guard Bandwidth

 $R_1$  = RARC Lower Bandedge Frequency

 $N_c$  = Number of Channels in Channelization

S<sub>c</sub> = Channel Separation

R<sub>II</sub> = RARC Upper Bandedge Frequency

G<sub>11</sub> = Upper Guard Bandwidth

\*\*\*WARNING MORE THAN ONE CHANNELIZATION SCHEME FOR IUP = (1 = up, 2 = down). NO MARGINS WILL BE CALCULATED.

This warning is written by subroutine RDCHNL. The conditions noted in the message make meaningful calculations of protection ratios and interference categories (e.g. co-channel, upper adjacent channel, etc.) impossible. Consequently all interference is considered co-channel with a protection ratio of 0 dB.

\*\*\*WARNING - THE (test point number) The TEST POINT, WHICH BELONGS

TO SERVICE AREA (administration - area - area type) IS OVER THE

HORIZON FROM ITS OWN SATELLITE

This error is written by RWPOIN. The most probable cause of this error is forgetting to put a minus sign (-) on a west longitude, either for the ground point or the satellite location.

\*\*\*FAILURE IN SUBROUTINE ELTLN - PATHOLOGICAL ELLIPSE. SATELLITE LONGITUDE = (satellite longitude)

This fatal error is caused by an ellipse, grazing the limb of the earth. Neither of the two points along the major axis halfway between the center and the edge intersects the Earth's surface. This cannot happen if the ellipse was generated correctly, but can happen if an ellipse is used from an orbital position other than the one used for its generation.

#### 4.3 P3 OUTPUTS

Program P3 generates the following reports. Also listed with each report is the index of IOUTOP which controls the output a flag of "Y" for the appropriate IOUTOP on card 3 of the scenario will cause the report to be produced.

REPORT	IOUTOP INDEX
<ul> <li>Aggregate Interference up (only if up calculations requested)</li> </ul>	1
<ul> <li>Aggregate Interference Down (only if down calculations requested)</li> </ul>	1
Aggregate Interference Total     (only if up and down calculations requested)	1 d)
Detail Report #1 (for no block allocation)	2
<ul> <li>Detail Report #1 Co-polarized (for block allocation only)</li> </ul>	2
<ul> <li>Detail Report #1 Cross-polarized (for block allocation only)</li> </ul>	2
• Detail Report #2	3
Interference Matrix Input Report	5.

Each field is described below with a label. Following the description are labeled copies of each report.

#### DESCRIPTION OF AGGREGATE REPORT FIELDS

Α	Scenario key
В	Block code (a blank means not a block member)
	(This field is blank if block allocation is not being used)
C	Administration, area, and area type of interfered service area
D	Satellite east longitude (deg)
Ε	Latitude of feederlink transmitter giving weakest signal (deg)
F	Longitude of weakest feederlink transmitter (deg)
G .	Administration, area, and area type of worst co-channel interfering
	service area
Н	Co-channel carrier to interference ratio (dB)
I	Co-channel margin (dB)
J	Upperadjacent channel carrier to interference ratio (dB)
K	Upper adjacent margin (dB)
L	Lower adjacent channel carrier to interference ratio (dB)
M	Lower adjacent margin (dB)
N	Next upper adjacent channel carrier to interference ratio (dB)
0	Next upper adjacent margin
Р	Next lower adjacent channel carrier to interference ratio (dB)
Q	Next lower adjacent margin
R	Total margin (dB). The numerical sum of all the margins
S	Test point latitude (deg)
T	Test point longitude (deg)

Only those interfered service areas whose total margin (R) is less than the report margin (RPTMGN from scenario level file) are printed in this report. A value of 100. in RPTMGN will cause all service areas to be printed.

TOTAL Margn	10.2	<b>10</b> .8	-7.8	4.2	82 4 6 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	œ
	:	:	:		*****	
LOWER	99.0	0.66	99.0	99.0 99.0	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0
NEXT C/1	0.66	99.0	99.0	99.0 99.0	66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66	م
UPPER Margn	0.68	99.0	99.0	99.0	0.00000	0
NEXT C/I	99.0	. 68	99.0	99.0 99.0		Z
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UPPER-ADJ C/I MARG	0.66	40.7	99.0	99.0 99.0	32.9 30.1 30.6 31.2 32.2	•
IANNEL MARGN	12.6	<b>1</b> 0.8	-7.8	-12.2	33.4 33.1 4.7 36.1 1.6 36.1	<b></b>
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#### 4.4 P3 DETAIL REPORTS

Two detail reports are available to the user, Detail Report #1, and Detail Report #2. These reports are produced whenever there is a flag value of "Y" in column 11 and 12 respectively Scenario Record 3.

When block allocation is specified two copies of Detail Report #1 are produced, the first showing the results for co-polarized signal, the second for the cross-polarized signal.

Both of the detail reports, #1 and #2 contain one line for each link equation calculation whose carrier-to-interference value (C/I) is less than the detail report threshold (Scenario Record 3, columns 30-34 for up, 35-39 for down, and Data.Control record 1, columns 33-37 for up and 38-42 for down).

A link calculation may not be done for three reasons.

- The satellite and earth station are over each other's horizon by more than HORIZ km (HORIZ is in columns 68-73 of Scenario Card-3)
- The two service areas have non-interfering channel families
- The calculation is inhibited by the interference matrix (see pages 3-83 and 3-84 above).

When no calculation is done the fields are filled with flag values. The flag value for C/I is 200 dB. If the detail report threshold is greater than 200, the lines filled with flag values will be written. A description of each field follows. Beyond the descriptions are labeled copies of the reports.

#### OUTPUT FIELDS FOR DETAIL REPORTS

LABELED	CONTAINS
AS	•
Α	Name of interfered service area
В	Name of interfering service area
С	Satellite longitude (deg - E)
D	Earth station latitude (deg - N)
E	Earth station longitude (deg - E)
F	Carrier-to-interference ratio (dB) for interference signals (i.e.
	field A and B are different). Carrier-to-noise ratio (dB) for
	carrier signal. This field has a flag value for the C/N value in
	the cross-polarized Detail Report #1 (block allocation only), as C/N
	has no meaning and C/I cannot be calculated when the line is written
G	Power flux density at receiving antenna (dB - W/M <sup>2</sup> )
Н	Received power (dB - W)
I	Earth station co-polarized antenna gain (dB)
J	Earth station cross-polarized antenna gain (dB)
K	Satellite co-polarized antenna gain (dB)
L	Satellite cross-polarized antenna gain (dB)
M	Equivalent gain (dB)
· N	Interference category. For non-grouping there are five positions;
	corresponding respectively to co-channel, upper-adjacent,
	lower-adjacent, next-upper-adjacent, and next-lower-adjacent; each
	marked with a "Y" (for yes) or "N" (for no). Because interference
	category is meaningless for grouping, in that case the field as a
	value of "BLK-ALOC"
0	Relative polarization
	"Co" = co-polarized
	"X" = cross-polarized
_	blank= neither
Р	Transmitter Power (dBW)
Q	Rain attenuation (dB)
R	Cross polar discrimination (dB)
S	Cant angle (deg) for linear polarization. For circular polarization it is given a value of 45 <sup>0</sup>

# OUTPUT FIELDS FOR DETAIL REPORTS (Continued)

LABELED	CONTAINS
AS	
_	
·T	Elevation angle of satellite as seen from Earth station
U.	Earth station antenna off axis angle (deg)
A	Satellite antenna off axis angle (deg)
W	Slant range (10 <sup>6</sup> m)
Χ	Earth station antenna on-axis gain (dB)
Υ	Satellite antenna on-axis gain (dB)
Z	Relative polarization angle (deg). For block allocation this field
	has a flag value
AA	Frequency (gHz) of transmitter
AB	Rain zone of earth station
AC	Earth station antenna beamwidth (deg)
AD	Satellite antenna beamwidth (deg) in direction of earth station
	(function of beam ellipse orientation)
AE	Same-block flag
	Y = same block
	N = different blocks
•	blank = block allocation not in use
AF	Detail Report C/I Threshold (lines with a C/I less than this value
	are not printed)
AG	Total C/N (printed on down only)
• •	<b>▼</b> *

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DETAIL REPORT #

## DESCRIPTION OF MATRIX ECHO REPORTS (PRINTED ON P3-IDIAG)

Each line describes an Interferer-Interfered calculation which is suppressed by the interference matrix (see pages 3-83 through 3-84).

A	Service area	number of Interferer
В	Service area	Key of Interferer
С	Service area	Group of Interferer
D	Service area	Index of Interfered
E	Service area	Key of Interfered
F	Service area	Group of Interfered

INTER	FERENCE CALC	ULATIONS	NOT	PEF	REDRMED FOR	
€	SERVICE AREA	-G80UP	TO	#	SERVICE AREA	-GROUP
4	CANONSTD	CANC	TO	4	CANONSTD	CANC
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#### V. BINARY OUTPUT

#### 5.1 Program I Binary Output

Program I writes the Binary files OUT.B.CTL, OUT.B.UP and OUT.B.DWN which contain control data, uppath data and downpath data respectively for Program 2 input. The content and structure of this file, which does not affect the user, is documented in the SOUP5 Programmer's Manual.

#### 5.2 Program 2 Binary Output

Program 2 writes two binary output files P2.IOUTBN and P2.IOUTB2 for use as input for Program 3. As with the Program 1 binary output, the structure and content of the files is documented in the Programmer's Manual.

#### 5.3 Program 3 Binary Output

If column 13 of Card-3 of the scenario contains a "Y", Program 3 writes binary records containing the details of the link equation calculations. The records are available to a report generator.

As with the two detail reports (see 4.4 above) there is one record for each link equation calculation. Every record contains all the information in the two detail reports as well as some additional information.

Each record is generated by one FORTRAN binary write statement. The contents of each record is shown below.

## SOUP5 BINARY OUTPUT UNIT - IOUTBN

#### NOTE:

First character of variable name: I-N, Integer \*4 or character (X), A-H, O-Z, Real \*4 or character (X).

NAME	DESCRIPTION (Units and Meaning)
IUP	PATH: $1 = up, 2 = down$
IXI	Receiving Service Area Sequence Number
IXIGND	Receiving Service Area Ground Pt. Sequence Number
	(O if up calculation)
IX2	Transmitting Service Area Sequence Number
IX2GND	Transmitting Service Area Ground Pt. Sequence
	Number (0 if down calculation)
ICALC	Link equation calculation sequence number (1, 2,
	)
ADMIN(IX1)	Receiving Service Area Administration XXX
AREA(IX1)	Receiving Service Area XX
ARTYPE(IXI)	Receiving Service Area Type XXX
ADMIN(IX2)	Transmitting Service Area Administration XXX
AREA(IX2)	Transmitting Service Area XX
ARTYPE(IX2)	Transmitting Service Area Type XXX
SLONG	Satellite Longitude (Rad)
SLAT	Satellite Latitude (Rad)
ERLATR .	Ground Point Latitude (Rad)
ERLONR	Ground Point Longitude (Rad)
CICN(2)*	C/N when transmitting Service Area is same as
·	receiver Service Area; C/I otherwise single
	(numerical)
PFD	Power Flux Density at receiver Watts/m <sup>2</sup>
RCVPWR(2)*	Received Signal Power (Watts)
GAINGC	Gain-Ground Co-polar (Numerical)

<sup>\*</sup>For no block allocation 1 = calculated value, 2 contains a flag value For block allocation 1 is co-polarized value, 2 is cross polarized value

## SOUP5 BINARY OUTPUT UNIT - IOUTBN

NAME GAINGX GAINSC GAINSX GAINEQ(2)* INTCAT	DESCRIPTION (Units and Meaning)  Gain-Ground Cross-polar (Numerical)  Gain-Satellite Co-polar (Numerical)  Gain-Satellite Cross-polar (Numerical)  Gain-Equivalent (Numerical)  Interference Category 1 = Co-channel
	<pre>2 = Upper adjacent channel 3 = Lower adjacent channel</pre>
	4 = Next upper channel
	5 = Next lower channel
ATN	Attenuation Due to Rain (Numerical)
XPDADJ	Cross-polar Discrimination (Numerical)
TILTD	Rain attenuation Cant Angle (Rad)
ELNSAT	Elevation
PHIGND	Off-axis Angle-Ground Antenna (Rad)
PHISAT	Off-axis Angle-Satellite Antenna (Rad)
SIGMA	Beam Ellipse Orientation Angle (Rad)
RANGE1	Slant Range (Meters)
GOAGND	On-axis Gain-Ground Antenna (Numerical)
GOASAT	On-axis Gain-Satellite Antenna (Numerical)
RELPOL <sup>†</sup>	Relative Polarization Angle (Rad)
FREQ1	Frequency-Receiver (Ghz)
FRE02	Frequency-Transmitter (Ghz)
IRNZN	Rain Zone Ground (X)
PPRCUL (INCAT), INCAT = 1,5	Aggregate Protection Ratio for interference category INTCAT (Numerical)
PRRTOT (INCAT), INCAT = 1,5	Aggregate Total Protection Ratios for interference category INTCAT (Numerical)
TRPR	Transmitter Power (Watts)

<sup>+</sup> Not meaningful for block allocation

<sup>\*</sup> Same as previous page

## SOUP5 REFERENCES

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- 3. Modification of the Spectrum/Orbit Utilization Program Final Report,
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  1980.
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- 5. SOUP5 Programmer's Manual, in preparation.

END DATE AUG. 26,1986



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